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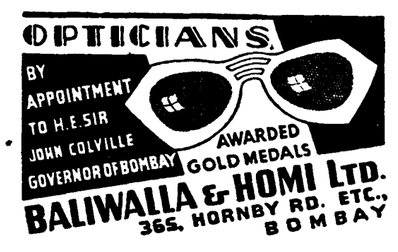
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SOEKARNO INVITES NEHRU TO JAVA

Leaders Asked To Inspect Conditions

BRITISH CHIEF IN SAIGON WANTS TO USE SPITFIRES AGAINST ANNAMITES

LONDON, October 7. (Reuter): Doctor Soekarno, leader of the Nationalist Indonesian Government in Batavia today broadcast an invitation to 'four leaders of Freedom'—Madame Chiang Kai-Shek of China, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru of India. Doctor Herbert Evatt of Australia and Major General Carlos Romulu of the Philippines—to come to Java and inspect for themselves the conditions prevailing there.

NEHRU LEAFLETS DISTRIBUTED

A Reuter message from Batavia today also states that Indonesians are handing out leaflets printed in Urdu to British Indian troops quoting Pandit Nehru's speech of September 30, in which he said that Indian troops should never fight to suppress the freedom of any of the peoples of Asia or Africa.

While Doctor Soekarno was travelling through the outer areas of Batavia impressing the people that it would be to the advantage of the Republicans to maintain law and order, 7,000 coolies struck in the dock areas. They refused to load Dutch ships but said that they were prepared to unload British shipping in the harbours. The Netherlands authorities said that they were prepared to meet the strike leaders to-morrow.

Posters have appeared all over the island saying that looting should be suppressed and that all unauthorised actions by the people against the advice of Republican leaders must be prevented. These proclamations also warn against printing of news bulletins and fraudulent use of nationalist leaders' names, and add that Doctor Soekarno in an "interview" with the British military leaders had told them that Indonesians did not object to the arrival of British forces but objected to the Netherlands troops in the island.

In Surabaya all members of the Japanese Kempai (Gestapo) have been arrested by the Indonesians who have taken possession of six Japanese tanks and a number of armoured cars. The airfield is blocked with stakes and the air service to Batavia has been interrupted.

Doctor Soekarno says that the invitations to the "four leaders of freedom" are urgently prompted "by the false propaganda circu-

(Continued on Page 5, Col. 4.)

RUSSIA TO INSIST ON 'BIG THREE' MEETING?

"U. S. Favouring Truly Representative Peace Conference"

LONDON, Oct. 7 (A.P.A.): The London newspaper "Sunday Dispatch" today speculated that Russia may insist upon a Moscow meeting of Generalissimo Stalin, President Truman and Prime Minister Attlee before agreement to a Peace Conference along the lines suggested by the United States Secretary of State, Mr. James F. Byrnes, in which all actively belligerent Allies may participate.

U. S. TO OPPOSE RUSSIAN VIEWS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6 (A.P.A.): Diplomatic quarters here expressed the belief today that Ssecretary of State Byrnes' speech was a sign that the United States would hold fast to its position favouring "a truly representative peace conference."

The Secretary's emphasis on the point that disagreement in procedure was "NO trivial or technical question" strengthened the belief that the United States had decided on the highest level to oppose Russian views in this issue.

Informed diplomats assumed that Britain's view of the situation coincided with the American outlook.

Hitler Death Story Latest

HEREBORD, (Germany), Oct. 7 (Reuter): Less than 24 hours after General Eisenhower's statement (reported by Hilaversum Radio) that "there is reason to believe that Hitler is still alive, a woman who knew Hitler said today, that she did not believe it.

Frau Maria Dreesen, aged 61, friend of Hitler and owner of a hotel at Bad Godesberg on the Rhine where Mr. Neville Chamberlain met Hitler in 1938 before the Munich conference, said that in her opinion Hitler" was too proud to be taken prisoner."

Shintoism Banned As Jap State Creed

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7 (Reuter): Shintoism, with which is associated deification of emperors ancestor worship, is to be banned as Japan's state religion, according to a decision announced here.

The measure is described as the most drastic determined upon by the forces of occupation. The announcement said Shintoism would not be affected "in so far as it was the religion of the individual Japanese", but that the cult would lose Government support from special taxes and its place in schools.

Summoned By Moscow

LONDON, Oct. 6 (A.P.A.)—The Moscow Radio announced tonight the arrival in Moscow of Lt.-Gen. Derevyanko, Russian Military Representative in Japan. The Radio said that he had been "summoned by the Soviet Government."

STOP PRESS

26 BURNT TO DEATH IN PLANE CRASH

PARIS, Oct. 7 (Reuter): A four-engined British military aircraft flying from Cairo to Britain crashed when trying to make an emergency landing at the Rennes airfield early today and all the occupants—five crew, 21 soldiers and A. T. S. girls—were burned to death.

Maulana Azad snapped while thanking the Lahore public for the enthusiastic reception it accorded him.

Congress Ensures Muslims' Future In Free India

AZAD SAYS FREEDOM STRUGGLE HAS ENTERED FINAL PHASE

LAHORE, Oct. 7. (A.P.I.): Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, to-dav declared that it was his confirmed faith and belief that the future of Indian Mussalmans could be ensured and safe only by treading the path laid down by the Indian National Congress.

Speaking in Urdu, the Congress President said: "Judged by the viewpoint of their interests alone the Muslims would dispassionately come to the conclusion that the principles accepted by the Congress ensure their future status on the coming map of free India".

The President was replying at a great rousing reception arranged this evening by the Nationalist Muslims of the Punjab. About 500 men, including about 300 Muslims of various schools of thought were present at the party in the European-managed hotel where Maulana Azad is staying.

As the party was on hundreds had collected in the lawns and were jamming the hotel's corridors and lounge. They broke into cheering and applause and the entire hotel resounded with slogans as the Congress President walked back to his apartment after the function.

Among those present were legislators, ministers, businessmen, prominent workers, journalists and men of letters and several political leaders.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad said that he was happy to find himself among so many friends and dear ones. To his many Muslim friends present there he would say that India's political struggle had passed through various stages. "But now, since the caravan started 50 years ago, we are on the last stage of our journey. The end of the journey cannot be long. That much is certain. We have survived hardships and difficulties on our arduous way. But we kept pressing onward, onward to the goal. So all the arguments, and discussions and debates as to the past problems have no relation to the present when the caravan is almost nearing its destination. Fix your gaze on the final objective."

The Congress President said that no doubt there were complexities in the political situation and unfortunately there was an air of mistrust and suspicion between the different organisations. There were doubts in the minds of Muslims too. Hence as far as the future of the cuontry was concerned these doubts had to be removed. On this there were no two opinions. At the same time the political struggle of India had reached its final phase.

There were varied facets of the communal question, he said. He was not going to mention them at the moment. "What is to be 'the Muslims' status in the India of the future? What is good for Muslims and what is bad?

How can the Muslims make their future safe? What is in the interests of the country as a whole? These are questions to which we can find answers if we honestly and sincerely try."

TOUCHSTONE

"What is then to be the touchstone to distinguish the true from the false?" asked Maulana Azad.

He said: That touchstone for Muslims is this: That they should see whether by following the path to which we are inviting them they can safeguard their future. I can say this was confidence—and I say this deliberately in the light of the realities which I have tried to see for the past 30 years—that the prescriptions of the various Muslim organisations would not remedy the ills of the Mussalmans. We cannot take away the Mussalmans from the cold hard realities of the times by a few sentimental slogans or catchwords. In the light of these realities our path is the only right patn. Maybe, for some time the Muslims may be deceived by laying green pastures before them. But in this desert of delusion they will always be following the everreceding will-o-the-wisp and will never reach the desired oasis (loud Applause)."

Maulana Daood Ghaznal, the newly-elected President of the Punjab Congress welcomed the Congress President.

AZAD ADVISED REST

Doctors have advised complete rest for three weeks to Maulana Azad in view of the delicate state of his health.

Although fever has left him, weakness still persists. The X-Raj examination is complete and the cardiogram shows no abnormality. The heart and lungs have been found to be in sound condition. There is some tooth trouble for which the Maulana has been advised extraction of a tooth.

Brusa Car And Tractor Factory For India

An Indo-British Venture To Build "Indian Folks Wagon"

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Oct. 5.

India will shortly manufacture motor car which will be sold for about Rs. 1,500. This is made possible by the firm S. A. Ahmed of Bombay. On its behalf an agreement has just been signed in London by its representative Abdul Karim with Mr. William Denis Kendall, M.P. inventor of the famous hundred sterling Brusa motor car.

The agreement provides for the manufacture of the Brusa car and tractors near Bombay. Mr. Kendall and Mr. Karim are flying to India in a fortnight's time. Mr. Karim has also opened a London Office on behalf of his Indian company called the "Allied Agency".

Mr. Kendall is the Managing Director of the British Manufacture and Research Company Ltd."

NIMITZ'S LATEST

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6, Reuter): Admiral Chester Nimitz at a Press Conference here today said that Japan would have capitulated before the invasion even without Russia's entry into the war and the atom bomb though it would have taken longer.

REFRIGERATORS FOR BOMBAY

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 7 (Reuter)

The first Swedish ship to sail for India since the war, the "Tamara" belonging to the Swedish East Asiatic Line, left Gothenburg with a cargo of paper, knitted goods, ballearings and refrigerators for Bombay where it is expected to arrive by the end of November.

Unmistakable Signs Of Returning Normality

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The first signs of returning normality were clearly observable to-day. The deathroll and the figure of the injured are stationary at 37 and 176 respectively for the last 24 hours. The round-ups now are in the neighbourhood of 1,033. The police are continuing the searches and round-ups of doubtful characters. Tension and mutual suspicion which characterised the movements of people who ventured into certain localities, were much less in evidence. The flow of people from locality to locality was noticeably greater and the traffic nearer the normal.

Bengal To Withdraw Restrictions On Persons

CALCUTTA, October 7 (A.P.I.)—The Associated Press of India understands that the Government of Bengal has asked all district officers to withdraw orders restricting the movements of all individuals in their respective areas.

People's Movement In Palestine

To Fight Against Feudalism And Zionist Imperialism

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

JERUSALEM, Oct. 1. (By Air Mail).

What may become an underground movement or come out into the open is expected as a result of the disclosure of the programme of a new group of Arabs under the name of the People's Party, comprising hitherto little known persons, a large proportion of whom are villagers.

This People's Party programme as approved on August 2, at their meeting in Jerusalem, comprises the demand for gradual attainment of self-government to lead ultimately to a democratic regime protecting the interests of the existing population by the grant of wider powers to local self-governing institutions and to the setting up of a chamber of deputies.

In describing their future relations, as between Arabs and the Zionists, the People's Party stress the necessity of differentiating between Jews and Zionists and for working for collaboration with liberated countries to prevent the exodus of Jews to Palestine.

By following such a 'popular front' policy, they state that it would torpedo the Zionist argument for a Jewish state and solve the problem of the Jewish inhabitants of Palestine since their rights would be safeguarded under the new constitution. Moreover, the new programme would, it is claimed convince liberty-loving nations of the futility of Partition (of Palestine) thus giving their movement a non-racial, liberating and democratic colour.

They are firmly convinced that their policy would have Jewish supporters both in and outside Palestine with Leftist inclinations, or among those who maintain that a Jewish State would threaten the existence of Jews in the Diaspora. This, it is stated, would prompt an appreciable section of Jews in Palestine to dissociate themselves from the Zionist movement and resist it, since every popular front movement, it is argued, is bound to attract another in whatever camp it may have been growing.

ZIONIST IMPERIALISM

For, such a Jewish popular movement realises that Jewish capital, concentrated in Zionism, directs it to imperialistic ends, exploiting the masses of the Jewish nation for the private interests of those at the head of the

(Continued on Page 5, Col. 6.)

8,000 Reds To Quit Congress In A Week

CALCUTTA, Oct. 7. (A.P.I.): The members of the Bengal Committee of the Communist Party of India, numbering more than 8,000, began resigning from the Congress membership yesterday. They expect to complete the submission of their resignations within a week. There is now no A. I. C. C. member from among the Bengal Communists.

(ALSO SEE PAGE 7)

JEWS TO OBSERVE DAY OF PROTEST TO-DAY

Cairo Students' 'Quit Egypt' Ultimatum To Britain

LONDON, Oct. 7 (Reuter): Nationwide Jewish mass meetings and a six-hour standstill of all work, business and traffic are expected in Palestine tomorrow as a demonstration against the British "White Paper" limiting Jewish immigration into Palestine.

The day been declared the Jewish Day of protest against the "White Paper" which Zionist leaders are now attacking as a measure inflicting great hardship on European Jews who are seeking to emigrate to Palestine.

The Municipality of Tel Aviv, the largest purely Jewish city in the world, tonight issued a last minute appeal to crowds to maintain discipline and disperse quietly after meetings.

In the city itself—says a Reuter cable from Tel Aviv—knots of people were standing around hoardings and walls where newspaper cuttings were posted describing the incident at Kafr Giladi where seven Jews are reported to have been wounded in an attempt to save illegal immigrants from arrest by the Transjordan frontier force.

The cuttings included an editorial from the Jewish newspaper, "Davar", protesting vigorously against the use against Jews of the Transjordan frontier forces whose rank and file are largely Arabs. Hebrew newspapers call on Jews to attend tomorrow's mass meetings.

CAIRO STUDENTS' ULTIMATUM

In Cairo 3,000 students met this morning at the faculty of medicine of the Cairo University and decided to keep calm and order according to yesterday's agreement.

Members of the "Young Egypt" party known as Green Shirts talked of giving a three-day notice to the British Government to answer Egyptian demands, says Reuter from Cairo. Extreme nationalist students repeated the slogan "No Negotiation Before Evacuation."

The Ikhwan Muslemin (Muslim Brothers) decided to send about 200 members into the provinces to carry on active propaganda for Egyptian aspirations.

(ALSO SEE PAGE 7)

'BELSEN' TREATMENT IN LAHORE FORT JAIL

CALCUTTA, Oct. 7. (A. P. I.): The Lahore fort was described by Maulana Manir-uz-Zaman Islamabadi as the "Belsen Camp" of India where Political Prisoners were subjected to inhuman torture and oppression to bring out something from them."

The 70-year-old Deputy Leader of the Krishak Proja Party who was released a few days ago from the Punjab jail said, in a press interview on his arrival in Calcutta, that he was detained in a dark 9 feet by 12 feet cell in handcuffs in the Fort. At that time he was suffering from dysentery and blood pressure. He was taken to the office room for interrogation in handcuffs, he said, and they were not opened even at the time of prayers, and he was forced to pray with handcuffs on.

The Maulana said that his handcuffs were removed after a period of four days and fourteen days thereafter he was taken to the Lahore Central Jail where he was kept in a solitary cell.

He was removed to the Mayo Hospital for treatment of heart trouble and other complaints a few days before his release.

The Maulana is leaving for Chittagong on Monday.

Muslim's Donation To Congress

LAHORE, Oct. 6. (A.P.I.).

An anonymous Muslim donor has today given Rs. 5,000 as contribution towards the Punjab Congress election fund.

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CORRESPONDENTS ALL OVER THE WORLD.

FUTURE GOVT. OF MALAYA

SINGAPORE, Oct. 6 (Reuter).—The first official indication of the problem future system of Government in Malaya is to be seen in a statement of policy which will be "in keeping with the ideal of Malaya as one country with one destiny", writes Alan Humphreys, Reuter's special correspondent.

Malaya previously consisted of the Straits Settlements, the Federated Malaya States and Unfederated Malaya States.

Two Supreme Court Judges Detained

SINGAPORE, Oct. 6 (Reuter): Two former Supreme Court Judges, Mr. K. K. Benjamin and Mr. Young Shook Lin, have been detained on suspicion of having collaborated with the Japanese, according to reports from Kualalumpur, cables Henry Buckley, Reuter's special correspondent.

Others detained include Choo Kia Peng, President of the Overseas Chinese Association and Mr. F. F. Corray, editor of the Japanese-sponsored "Nalai Sinpo".

Among 70 non-Japanese held on suspicion in Singapore is a prominent Eurasian Doctor, C. J. Paglar and Indian National Army leader, Col. C. J. Stracey Fifty-one Kempei Tai (Japanese Security Police) including Lt.-Col. Nakamura, head of the organisation in Malaya and 26 Japanese civilians are also detained.

WINDSOR-KING TALKS

LONDON, October 6 (Reuter).—The Duke of Windsor had a full hour's talk with the King at Buckingham Palace tonight.

It was their second meeting since the Duke arrived in Britain on Friday night after an absence of nine years.

U. S. Foreign Policy To Be Reviewed

WASHINGTON, October 6 (Reuter).—The entire field of the United States foreign policy will, it is understood, be surveyed at a special session on Monday of the Senate Foreign Affairs Committee which was announced today. Secretary of State James F. Byrnes will head the group of State Department officials who will testify.

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Obstruction To Re-Entry Into Burma

Indian Life Insurance Companies Protest

In connection with the recent proposals of the Life Offices Association, London proposing resumption of Life Insurance Business in Burma under a group unit during the period of rehabilitation Mr. K. C. Desai, President, Indian Life Assurance Offices Association has issued the following statement.

Burma is now again going to have a Stable Civil Government established by the middle of October. The Evacuees who had to leave Burma under the stress and strain of war also will be returning soon. It is hoped that in due course normal business conditions will return there. It is very well-known that India and Indian Institutions had rendered great services to Burma before the advent of war in Burma. Amongst these, Insurance service occupies a position by no means insignificant.

In spite of the great services rendered by Indian Insurance Institutions in Burma for the last quarter of a century and more it is now learnt that obstructions are being placed and their re-entry is being hampered even for continuing their services to the existing policyholders in Burma. So far as Indian Life Insurance Companies are concerned they have got a very large number of policies on the lives of people in Burma with whom touch was lost due to enemy occupation. Unless these Indian Life Insurance Companies which were working in Burma before enemy occupation are allowed to return there, serious difficulties will be created. Due to enemy occupation, the Life Policyholders in Burma as in other enemy occupied territories could not remit their premiums outside Burma. Unless opportunities are given to these people to make up their accounts and tender their arrears of premiums to the companies concerned they stand to lose their policies. During this long period of more than 3 years of enemy occupation, many claims might have occurred by death of some of these policyholders. Facilities must be given to their claimants for collecting the claim amounts after proving the deaths. This could only be done if the representatives of Indian Life Insurance Companies are permitted to return to Burma. The Indian Life Offices Association has approached the Government of India as well as the Government of Burma to permit to return at an early date the representatives of those Indian Life Insurance Companies which were previously working in Burma before enemy occupation. Unless this permission is granted at an early date the Indian Life Insurance Companies would suffer in prestige and will be robbed of their anxieties to serve their Policyholders in Burma and their Policyholders in Burr a will also suffer without these services".

"It is upto Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, representative of the Government of India with the Government of Burma and Mr. S. A. S. Tyabji representative of Indian Commercial interests in Burma to see that proper facilities are granted to Indian Life Insurance Companies for rendering these services at an early date".

Warning Against Isolationism

NEW YORK, October 6 (Reuter).—One of the most internationally-minded societies in the United States "Americans United For World Organisation" today issued a manifesto saying that there was evidence of "increasing Isolationism" among American legislators.

The organisation, which is the most influential American agitator for world co-operation, said: "Signs and portents of Isolationism in Congress has become steadily more insistent.

A nationalistic trend is apparent in the Congressional approach to all-important subject of the atom bomb."

The manifesto continues: "Opinion on the subject of loans to Britain and Russia leans dangerously in the direction of Isolationism. There is a prevailing sentiment that economic chaos in Britain or Russia is no concern of the United States, lest in a burst of benevolence we might loan and not be repaid."

GERMAN SOCIAL DEMOCRATS' CHIEF DEAD

LONDON, Oct. 7 (A.P.A.)—Han Vogel, 64, last freely elected Chairman of the German Social Democratic Party, died in London on Saturday a few hours after Wilhelm Hoegener, new Socialist Premier of Bavaria, invited him to return from exile.

PATRIARCH OF EAST INDIA TO FLY TO ROME

MARMUAGAO, Oct. 7. (A.P.I.): The Patriarch of East India, Dom Jose Da Costa Nunes, will fly shortly to Rome. A telegram received by him from the Portuguese Minister of Colonies requests his urgent presence at Rome.

CHITTAGONG PORT DEMILITARISED

CHITTAGONG, Oct. 7. (A.P.I.): The Chittagong port has been demilitarised with effect from October 1, and it has since been taken over completely by the Bengal and Assam Railway authorities.

Survey For More S. I. R. Lines

NEW DELHI, October 6 (A.P.I.)—The Railway board have sanctioned engineering and traffic surveys to be carried out by the South Indian Railway Administration for the following lines of Metre Gauge Railway.

(1) From Arantangi to Karaikudi, a distance of about 16 miles—to be known as Arantangi—Karaikudi Railway Survey.

(2) From Tanjore to Pattukkotti, a distance of about 29 miles—to be known as Tanjore-Pattukkottai Railway Survey.

(3) From Didigul to Gudalur, a distance of about 72 miles—to be known as Dindigul-Gudalur Railway Survey.

(4) From Kollengod to Trichur, a distance of about 40 miles, to be known as Kollengod-Trichur Railway Survey.

Indian Delegates To "U. N. F. A. O."

KARACHI, October 6 (A.P.I.)—Sir T. Vijayaraghavachariar, Mr. Rajwade and Mr. Radhaman, members of the Indian Delegation to the United Nations Food and Agricultural Organisation Conference arrived in Karachi today and are leaving for the United Kingdom tomorrow and from there they will proceed to Washington.

Mahatma's Good Wishes For China

CALCUTTA, Oct. 7 (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi has conveyed his good wishes to China through Prof. Tan Yun Shan, Director of Cheena Bhavana, Santiniketan.

Prof. Tan who is leaving for Chungking on a short visit, had wired to Mahatma Gandhi on the occasion of his birthday as follows:—

"The world war is over. The time has come especially for our 'Ahimsa' mission. Pray long life and good health."

Defence Council Meet I. N. A. Accused

NEW DELHI, Oct. 6 (A.P.I.)—Members of the I.N.A. Defence Committee met the three accused Shehnawaz, Sehgal and Dhillon in the Red Fort awaiting trial by Court Martial, which will begin on November 5.

A further meeting with the accused is arranged for tomorrow.

The Defence Committee met and reviewed the arrangements this afternoon. The members present were Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Mr. Asaf Ali, Dr. Katju and Mr. Reghunandan Sara.

NAIR SERVICE SOCIETY'S COLLEGE

TRIVANDRUM, Oct. (A.P.I.)—The Nair Service Society are taking steps to start a first grade College of Arts and Science at Changanacherry and have applied to the Government for the necessary statutory and other provisions to enable them to do so.

TWO INJURED IN CLASH

GOPALGANGE, (Faridpur), Oct. 7 (A.P.I.)—Two persons were removed to hospital as a result of a clash between Namasudras (Scheduled Caste Hindus) and Muslims at Bherarhat on October 3. It is stated that the trouble arose over the possession of some temporary huts used as shops. The condition of the injured is reported to be serious and their dying declarations have already been recorded.

CHOLERA IN JODHPUR

JODHPUR, Oct. 7 (A.P.I.)—The Director of Public Health, Jodhpur, reports 60 seizures of cholera and 35 deaths in the State.

RAJKOT Oct. 7 (A.P.I.): The Rajkot State police have arrested six notorious dacoits who were in hiding at Pir Lukhasar and Veraval.

BIG U. S. GIFT TO BRITAIN

Left Over Lend-Lease To Help Tide Over Winter

LONDON, Oct. 6 (Reuter): President Truman is considering a plan to transfer to the people of Britain Rs. 3.25,00,00,000 worth of food and clothing free of charges to help them through the coming winter, reports the "Daily Mail" New York correspondent.

It is proposed to give Britain that amount of the left-over Lend-Lease supplies as a gesture of goodwill and gratitude for the part she played in winning the war.

Together with this gigantic present designed to rally the United Kingdom economy, would come several hundred crores worth of United States' army surpluses now stored in the British Isles.

No final decision has yet been made on this twin programme, but President Truman is pressing for swift action, says the correspondent.

The plan has already been studied and welcomed by Lord Halifax and Lord Keynes.

WHEN BR. GOVT. EXPENDITURE WILL FALL

ABERDEEN, Oct. 6 (Reuter). The Governor of the Bank of England, Lord Catto, speaking at Aberdeen to-day said that though the war was over expenditure on a war scale was not over. Winding up Government contracts and peace-time resettlement took time before there could be a decided fall in Government expenditure.

Before the war the national income was about 4,600 millions sterling. It had risen to about 8,300 millions sterling. Some of the best authorities thought it would fall perhaps for a time below 7,500 millions sterling and then steady round about that figure.

If that turned out to be a good estimate—and he claimed no responsibility for it—then our national financial prospects were reasonably good. As compared with the pre-war figure, our taxable capacity would be proportionately increased and we should need that increase not only for the service of a greatly increased National Debt but also for many new social services.

"Poolfix" Wins Irish Cambridgeshire

THE CURRAGH, EIRE, October 6 (Reuter).—Mr. John McLean's "Poolfix", starting at 25 to one on the book and 140 to one on the tote won the Irish Combridgeshire, run over one mile here this afternoon.

"Poolfix", carrying the top weight of nine stone six pounds, won by two and a half lengths from 8 to one "Good Morning" with 20 to one "Sky Line" the third of 24 runners.

Protest Against Australian Reds

CANBERRA, Oct. 7 (Reuter): Senator William A. Brand (Opposition) speaking yesterday in the Senate before it adjourned until the New Year, called for action against the Australian Communist Party for distributing pamphlets headed "Hands off the Indonesian Republic."

Arthur A. Calwell, Minister of Immigration, told the Australian Council for Civil Liberties in a letter to-day that Indonesian seamen and civilians now in the country would be taken home in British ships as soon as possible.

The Chairman of the Indonesian Melbourne Committee had accepted this offer provided they were taken to a port controlled by the Indonesian Republican Government of Dr. Soekarno, he said

Why China's Demand For Place In European Settlement

KARACHI, Oct. 6 (A.P.I.)—The Chinese Foreign Minister, Dr. Wang, who was here on his way to Chungking from London said: "The first world war started in Europe and China was eventually brought in. The present war actually began in Manchuria and eventually, Europe, America and other countries became involved in it. Peace is, therefore, indivisible and that accounts for China's interest in the peace settlement in Europe.

Dr. Wang will leave Karachi for Chungking either this evening or tomorrow.

Japs In Tientsin Surrender

TIENTSIN, (China), Oct. 7 (A.P.A.) Maj. Keller E. Rockey of the United States Marine Corps today accepted the surrender of 18,000 Japanese troops at Tientsin in behalf of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

It was the first formal capitulation of Japanese troops in the Tientsin-Peiping area, in which there are more than 50,000 Nipponese.

The Japanese naval attache in Tientsin, Capt. Taijiri, committed 'harakiri' at his Headquarters.

NEW JOB FOR EX-YUNNAN GOVERNOR

CHUNGKING, Oct. 7 (A.P.A.)—Gen. Lung Yun ("the Dragon"), recently deposed as Governor of Yunnan Province by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-hek, arrived by plane today from Kunming accompanied by Dr. T. V. Soong, the Prime Minister.

Lung was ordered to come to Chungking to become head of the Military Advisory Council.

Kunming, Capital of Yunnan, was quiet again last night apart from a few shots.

Local newspapers to-day carried such editorials as "Age of War Lords is over", "appointment of Gen. Lung Yun as chief of the Military Advisory Council will give him a chance to contact new influences and ideas."

NAGPUR, Oct. 6 (A.P.I.): The Central Provinces Irrigation Amendment Act 1945 is published in the C. P. Gazette to-day.

THIS IS AN ANNOUNCEMENT AND NOT A PROSPECTUS

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Balance in calls as and when made by the Directors.
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Admission fee of Re. 1 will have to be paid with each application.

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OBJECTS:

The objects for which the Company is started are in General those mentioned in its Memorandum of Association but the principal object is to establish Glass Factories in India for the purpose of manufacturing Glass and Glass Products of Superior qualities availing of the latest improvements in machinery and technique.

BUSINESS POSSIBILITY BEFORE MACHINERY FOR PRODUCING HIGH CLASS GLASS CAN BE IMPORTED.

But pending that the Managing Agents have undertaken to purchase at their own risk:

(a) 9 Bighas of land at Beerpara Lane, Dum Dum, Calcutta to be the site of the Factory at a cost of Rs. 65.000.

(b) Seven Semi Automatic Machinery with Factory, Shed, etc., situated at the above plot for a sum of Rs. 1 lac.

Arrangements have been made that the Managing Agents shall work the Factory as soon as possible and transfer the same with all benefits to the Company. No profit will be paid to them but all benefits of the agreement and profits and gains made from working the Factory shall be available to the Company for payment of Bonus to the Shareholders or any other use deemed fit by the Directors. They will be entitled to monies paid or spent by them for the purchase, development and Working of the Factory with interest at 6 per cent Per Annum as and when the Company obtains release of necessary amounts from the Central Government after satisfying them as regards the valuation of the properties purchased and expenses made.

ESSENTIAL OF GLASS FACTORY

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2. Fuel—Coal.
3. Semi Automatic Machinery with good furnaces.
4. Competent Technicians

To provide for the above the company proposes to start their New Factory with imported machinery at Mugma on the E. I. Rly. where the Managing Agents have their own Coal mines and negotiations are proceeding for purchase of lands rich with silica sands etc., import of up-to-date machinery from Great Britain or America has been made easier by cessation of War.

Drs. S. Deb and J. N. Basu two of the Directors are Doctors of Science attached to the Jadavpur Technical and Eng. College—where the Government of India is fast constructing the Glass and Silicate research Laboratories.

Another Director Mr. S. C. Carr is a Glass Expert of good repute and immense experience. Dr. S. Deb, the Ceramic Engineer will be in-charge of Furnaces.

TERMS WITH THE MANAGING AGENTS.

They shall hold office for 20 years and their remuneration shall be (a) a commission of 5 per cent on the net yearly profits of the Company. But in the absence of or inadequacy of Profits they shall be entitled to Rs. 1,000 as allowance a month or such increase as the Directors may from time to time settle and (b) subject to sanction of shareholders a commission of 2 1/2 per cent on the sale of mineral products etc.

BROKERAGE

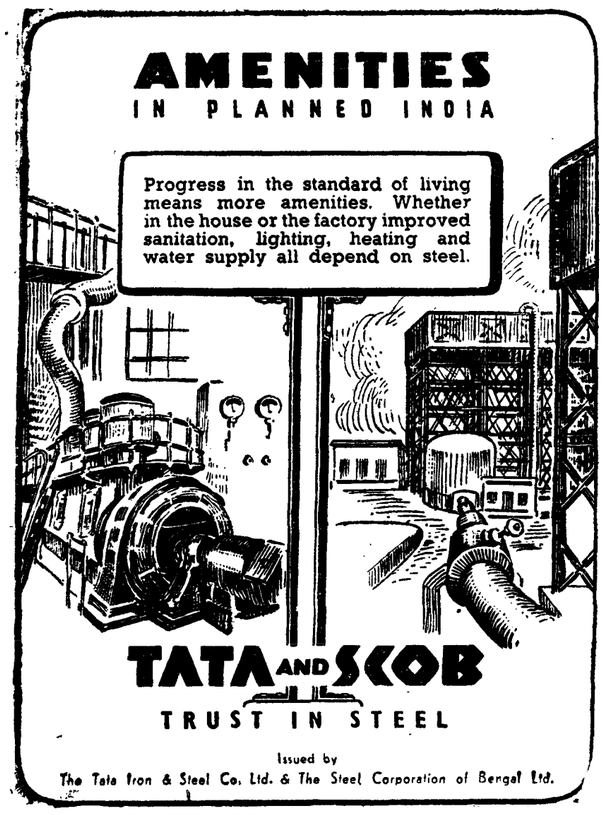
Articles provide for payment of Brokerage or Share Commission up to 10 per cent.

PROMOTION MONEY:

No promotion money will be paid to any party.

WANTED SHARES SELLING REPRESENTATIVES THROUGHOUT INDIA.

Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue of capital, subject to the condition that so much of the capital as cannot in the Government's judgment be properly expended until some uncertain future date is invested and kept invested in prescribed securities which will not be relaxed until the central Government, (in consultation with the Crown Representative if any Indian State interests are involved), is satisfied that the time has come to make corresponding payments for purposes which consistent with the enforcement of any measures of control or restriction that may be in operation at the time when such release is applied for. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them.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Sun. Holiday 1-15 p. m.
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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Asoe Shud 2, 2001
Muslim: Zilkad 1, 1364
Parsi: Ardibehest 5, 1315
Sunrise 7-30 a.m. Sunset 7-22 p.m.
Hightide: 2.02, 13-04
Lowtide: 7-41, 19-58
Municipal Corporation: 3-40 p. m. (S. T.)

To-day's Engagements

MAZDAZNAN: Discussion on "My Ideal Hobby" today (Monday) at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School, Waudby Road.

MULK RAJ ANAND'S LECTURE: Under the joint auspices of the Peoples Theatre and the Progressive writers Mulk Raj Anand will speak at the Blavatsky Lodge today (Monday) at 6-30 p.m. on "Revolutionary Literature of Europe during the war." Mr. Chandravadan Mehta will preside.

HINDI ACADEMY: The Academy will conduct debates in Hindi on the following two subjects on Tuesday, (16th Oct.) at 4 p.m. Only those whose mother tongue is not Hindi can take part. Intending participants should submit their names with an entrance fee of Re 1 on or before Oct. 14 stating subject on which they wish to speak and whether for or against it. Prizes will be awarded to speakers judged best. Sujectes:
"Rashtrabhasha Hindi hi hae."
"Purush-Shaktise Nari Shakti Prabal Hai."
For particulars write to Dadarkar Buildings, 276 Lady Jamshedji Road Dadar, Bombay 14, between 7 p.m. and 8 p.m. any day.

KHATAU MAKANJI FREE DESPENSARY: In all 2168 patients were treated at the Free Dispensary Bhatia-Maternity and Nursing Home, Fort, Bombay during August 1945. The average daily attendance was 70.

HINDU STUDENTS' FEDERATION. The minutes and the annual reports were passed in the annual meeting of the Bombay Provincial Hindu Students Federation. Mr. Vasantrao Kale, President Mr. S. V. Joshi, General Secretary, and 18 boys and girls students from various Schools and colleges were elected on the Working Committee for the new year. The office of the Federation has been shifted from 239, Girgaon Road, to 36 D/24 Mugbhat Cross Lane, Bombay No. 4.

SARASWAT MAHILA SAMAJ: There will be Bhajan by Mrs. Mirabai Kulkarni and Pravachan by Mrs. Girijabai Naravi at 5 p.m. today at the Shrimat Anandashram Hall, Talmakiwadi as part of the Dassera Celebrations.

'A' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Workers and volunteers are re-today (Monday) or tomorrow (Tuesday) between 8-30 p.m and 9-30 p.m and see Mr. C. P. Vyas who is in-charge of "the Get on the Roll Campaign" who will give instructions and distribute the work.

SCHOLARSHIPS TO KANVAS: With a view to papularise education in Kanva Community, the Akhil Kanva Shakhiya Brahmin Mandal, Bombay, has decided to award a number of scholarships to the poor and deserving students. Applicants are requested to send applications before October 31 to Mr. D. N. Kulkarni, Secretary Akhil Kanva Shakhiya Brahmin Mandal, 11 Shankarshet Road, Grant Road, Bombay 7.

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October 15 As "Quit Asia" Day

Students' Sympathy For Indonesians

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The All-India Students Congress has issued a directive to all its units calling on them to observe October 15 as "Quit Asia" Day.

This demonstration is intended to awaken Indian public opinion in favour of the struggle for freedom of the Indonesian and their Asiatic peoples.

On the day, the directive says, peaceful meetings and demonstrations should be held all over India and the significance of the Indonesian people's struggle should be explained to the Indian people.

LATE DR. A. P. BACHA

British Medical Journal's Tribute

British Medical Journal of September 8, 1945 writes on Page 336 on Dr. A. P. Bacha, MB., B.S., F.R.CS:

"India has lost a pioneer surgeon by the death of Dr. Ardeshir Pestonji Bacha on May 5. He was born in 1881 at Navsari, a town near Bombay in the Baroda State Territory. He passed the Matriculation examination from the local high-school and joined the Grant Medical College in Bombay in 1898, where he passed all his examinations in the first class and won scholarships, prizes and medals. He graduated from the Bombay University in 1903. After working for a short time as a house-surgeon in Dr. Masina's Private Hospital he secured the Tata Scholarship for further studies and joined University College, London, where he passed the M.B., B.S., Lond. in 1907 and F.R.C.S. Eng. in 1909. He returned to India early in 1910. At that time the Grant Medical College and the Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy group of hopitals were the only teaching institutions in medicine in Bombay, and they were entirely staffed by I.M.S. Officers. At about the beginning of the century Dr. H. M. Masina, F.R.C.S., had started a private hospital, the first of its kind in Bombay. In 1910 Dr. Bacha started a modern nursing home, and by dint of sheer merit he gradually built up a good surgical practice. Since then Bombay has got the new G.S. Medical College with the K.E.M. Hospital attached to it, the Jerbai Wadia Hospital for children, the Tata Memorial Hospital for Cancer, and many other hospitals all staffed by capable Indian medical men and women.

J. B. D. writes:—

Dr. Bacha was a keen student of contemporary medical and surgical literature. He subscribed to the leading British and American Medical journals and read them carefully. He also bought all the best books published during the last thirty-five years, and the collection in his splendid library had cost him a very large sum. He was also equally lavish in the acquisition of the best appliances and instruments for his work, the latter being also of great value. He took great pains over the minutest details of operations and the after-care of his patients, and thus built up a thoroughly well deserved reputation as a most careful and successful surgeon. Throughout his life he remained a close student of the latest developments in the field of general surgery. He was a staunch Indian Nationalist, though during the later period of his life he greatly deplored the disruptive and communal tendencies in the Nationalist movement which have developed later. During this war he gave his services to the war-wounded as a lieut.-colonel, I.A.M.C., till he was incapacitated by his last illness, and for these he was thanked by Col. Sir Jamshedji N. Duggan, I.A.M.C., the head of the war hospital in Bombay. He was a member of the British Medical Association for over forty years, and a past-president of the Bombay Medical Union. He was surgeon to the Parsi General Hospital and surgeon and lecturer in surgery to the King Edward Memorial Hospital. He was an examiner in surgery for the M.B. B.S., and the M.S. degrees of the Bombay University. He cherished the highest ideals of our profession, and was very strict and uncompromising in his observance of those ideals. I had the privilege of an unbroken intimate friendship with him for fifty years. He was a pioneer Indian surgeon who has set a very high standard for others to follow—one who would have been acclaimed as an outstanding surgeon in any country."

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1

BOMBAY, Oct. 8.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Tarabai Gadagkar 8-40 Jaltarang 8-00 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 Sarvar Gul Raja 9-30 Orchestral Melodies 9-45 Jayram Shiledar 12-30 p.m. Geet 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Bhajan 1-30 News (E) 1-40 L Music 2-30 For Women 4-20 School Broadcast (M) 5-0 Hazara Singh (Guitar) 5-15 Sadashivbuva Gokhale 5-45 Topical Talk 5-55 Locals 6-0 S N Balloor, 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 Hazara Singh (Guitar) 7-0 (Our Friends, the Marathis) (G) 7-15 Sadashivbuwa Gokhale 7-45 Music from Film 8-0 Sardar Gul Raja 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 A I R Orchestra 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B B C News 9-40 Hameer 9-45 Stabilization of Currency (E) 10-0 Marathi Songs 10-15 Sardar Gul Raja 10-30 Tarabai Gadagkar

VARIATIONS ON RADIO

From AIR Bombay, AIR Orchestra will play Ragas Kaushi-Bahar and Tilang Bahar at 8-45 p.m. (244 and 61.48 m) Hazara Singh a new artist is to broadcast a Guitar Recital at 5 p.m and 6-45 p.m. Serious music for the day will be broadcast by Tarabai Gadagkar at 8-30 a.m., 9 a.m., 8-25 p.m. and 10-30 p.m. and by Sadashivbuwa Gokhale at 5-15 p.m. and 7-15 p.m. A programme of light music will be presented in Hindustani by Sardar Gul Raja and in Marathi by Jayram Siledar.

A. I. C. C. Session

Patil Thanks Helpers

Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, has issued the following statement in regard to the last A.I.C.C. meeting in Bombay:

On behalf of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee we have to sincerely thank the citizens of Bombay for the great success of the last session of the All-India Congress Committee. Bombay has always enjoyed the reputation of being a Congress-minded City. It has often been tried and never found wanting in the essential qualities of love and loyalty to the Congress and readiness to make sacrifices for it. This meeting of the A.-I.C.C. has shown to what great heights of service and sacrifice Bombay can rise when the call for duty comes from the Congress.

The A.-I.C.C. Session had to be held in very abnormal circumstances. The monsoon had not exhausted itself. Tremendous preparations had to be completed within a short space of barely a fortnight. The inclemency of weather which was unusual towards the end of the season multiplied our difficulties besides of rationing and scarcity of necessary materials. Against all these difficulties, the Congress had the sympathy, goodwill and almost fanatical enthusiasm of lakhs of citizens of this great City. The success of the session, therefore, must belong to the citizens but for whose endles patience and irrepressible enhusiasm, any success would have been impossible.

It is difficult to thank people and institutions by their names. Hundreds of them have helped the Congress with one thing or another, and surely, all of them by their warm enthusiasm. Congress will never forget their services rendered in the hour of need. We are particularly greateful to the Hindustan Construct on Co., Motichand & Co., and various other construction companies without whose co-operation such a huge pandal would have never been constructed in time. The Bharat Tiles built for us a very beautiful platform for the Flag Staff. They have always done it in the past.

The Congress volunteers, including the Sevikas, richly deserve the praise showered on them by all visitors, and particularly by the Congress President. In rain and mud and in all manner of weather, they stood to their posts and gave an excellent account of themselves.

Many public bodies and commercial associations vied with one another in completing our arrangements in time. They are too numerous to be mentioned by names. We are grateful to all of them.

We are particularly thankful to the Chicago Telephone & Radio Co., for the loudspeaking arrangements. Although there was temporary disturbance of arrangements on the first day, this was more than compensated for by the very perfect arrangements which were made on the second and third day, and also for the mammoth meetings which were addressed by our great leaders.

The efforts made by the Bombay Municipality deserve a special mention. They had to fight the nuisance of mud for hours on end. Ungrudgingly they accomplished this task and reduced the nuisance to a minimum. Their labours do deserve our grateful appreciation.

The proprietors of the Raj Kamal Kala Mandir took away the laurels by their very artistic decoration of the Main Gate. They had to fight against time in putting up this beautiful structure. Congress is grateful to them for these devoted services.

We are conscious, more than anybody else, of our defects and shortcomings. It is almost impossible on big occasions like this to get everything exactly according to the plan. We are grateful to all those who attended the meeting for their wonderful patience and forbearance.

"Canton Truth" Ex-Editor Champions Generalissimo

BOMBAY, October 6 (A.P.I.)—"The least that can be said about the wild accusations of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose against Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek in his recent interview with the "Statesman" at Calcutta, is the complete lack of knowledge and appreciation of the conditions and requirements of China", says Mr. K. B. Vaidya, former editor of the "Canton Daily Sun" and "Canton Truth" and author, in a statement.

Mr. Vaidya maintains that some disunity exists in China because Generalissimo Chiang "is not sufficiently Fascistic, say, for instance, like Marshal Stalin. If Mr. Bose were to study the real history of China after the death of Sun-Yat-Sen, then he will be convinced that it was due to the most forceful, disinterested and imaginative leadership of Chiang alone, that China had been saved from the chaos in which it had then precipitated. It is Chiang alone who pulled the nation out of the mire in which it had fallen. Chiang may have been required to resort to extreme penalties in some cases. In 1927, had Chiang agreed to the infiltration of the Russian and Chinese communists into the Chinese Central Government, China would have been ruled from Moscow. Chiang had therefore to take up weapons against the Chinese Communists who were proving instrumental in injecting Soviet Russia into China's sovereignty. The latter were in the position of a party revolting against the Central Authority and Chiang had to put down the revolt. And yet, Chiang befriended the Communists in December 1936. Later, trouble began because, the Chinese communists always maintained their separatist attitude and never merged with nationalist China during the Sino-Japanese war. Taking advantage of the war, they did their best to advance their sphere of influence, and all this with greater sympathy for Russia than for China."

Ultimatum To Glasgow Boxer

LONDON, October 6 (Reuter).—The British Boxing Board of Control today announced that Jackie Paterson of Glasgow must defend his world, Empire and British flyweight titles against Joe Curran of Liverpool before he takes part in championship fights for the Bantamweight and Featherweight Divisions.

The Board has officially recognised Paterson as Empire Bantamweight Champion, having beaten Jim Brady, the holder for this title.

Dinny Pails Beats Davis Cup Veteran

SYDNEY, October 6 (Reuter).—The veteran Australian Davis Cup player, Jack Crawford, was beaten 6.2, 6.3 in the Metropolitan Singles tournament today by 24-year-old Dinny Pails.

Crawford said after the game: "It is not a question whether Pails will play in the Davis Cup or not but what his position in the team will be."

Cricket

HINDU GYMKHANA BEAT KANGA'S XI

A splendid unbeaten century by K. M. Rangnekar was the feature of the match between the Hindu Gymkhana and Dr. Kanga XI which came off on the Elphinstone College Cricket Ground on Saturday and Sunday.

Rangnekar who was in one of his most brilliant forms played exhilarating cricket hitting all round the wicket.

The Parsi eleven which batted first made a poor show and were all out for 141. Their opponents piled up 233 thus leading in the end by 92 runs.

The scores were as follows:—

DR. KANGA XI: I. A. Dadyseth 9, M. F. Mistry 18, B. M. Meherhomji 0, J. B. Patel 26, D. B. Satha 0, P. R. Umrigar 36, G. K. Patel 10, K. K. Tarapore 0, J. Cooper not out 19 F. Pedder 8, A. Bode 0, Extra 15. Total 141

BOWLING ANALYSIS: D. G. Phadkar 8/3/0; V. K. Santani 6/8/0; M. R. Rege 7/12/0; Jesu Patel 27/44/4; J. J. Kore 21/43/2; S. N. Gandhi 11/13/2, S. V. Palwankar 2/3/2.

HINDU GYMKHANA: V. M. Merchant 11, M. R. Rege 0, V. K. Santani 5, Jesu Patel 31, K. M. Rangnekar (retired) 101, R. R. Chandorkar 9, Y. B. Palwankar 29, S. B. Palwankar 7, S. N. Gandhi 16, J. J. Kore, not out 18, D. Y. Phadkar, did not bat. Extra 6. Total 233.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: P. R. Umrigar 5/10/0; J. B. Patel 4/3/1; K. K. Tarapore 21/62/2; D. B. Satha 24/58/1; A. J. Bode 17/80/2; G. K. Patel 2/14/0.

Greater Bombay Endorsed By Suburban District Congress

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Oct. 6.

The Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee meeting was held in their premises in the Jehangir Wadia Building when Sjt Bala Saheb Kher presided. Mr. Jayasukhlal Mehta, an old Congress worker and a prominent citizen, was present by invitation.

Greater Bombay Scheme, which has partially come into operation, was the important item on the agenda. This scheme it will be remembered, was enthusiastically sponsored by the late Congress Ministry and that the District Congress Committee should favour the scheme was a foregone conclusion. Mr. J. K Mehta explained the central idea of co-ordination of the life of the city and the suburbs and the various schemes that are before the Government at present. Amongst them are housing, transport and the Great Bombay Municipal merger. The co-ordination would, no doubt, add to the uniform standard of amenities and civic life will have larger scope of development.

A small committee of five members was appointed to put forth the District Congress Committees considered opinion on the subject. Along with it came the subject of the affiliation of the District Congress Committee to Bombay Province instead of Maharashtra. Consensus of opinion favoured the affiliation with Bombay. But old ties of relationship are hard to discard. Here also a sub-committee was appointed with Messrs. Shantilal Shah, Inorabadan Oza and Virchand Sheth as members to report on the subject. It was also decided to raise about Rs. 1,000 from the district towards the expenses of the impending election campaign.

WHAT IS "OCCUPATION" UNDER PEGGING ACT?

Important Question Raised In Second Case Under Act

DURBAN, October 5 (Reuter).—The second case under the Pegging Act was heard in the Magistrate's Court on Thursday when a European, Albert Trublett, was charged with wrongfully and unlawfully allowing the Asiatics Govindsamy Vellapan and his wife and daughter to occupy rooms on premises which were not occupied or deemed to have been occupied by Asiatics on March, 22, 1943. He pleaded guilty.

Govindsamy Vellapan, a bus-driver, said he occupied two rooms in the native quarters of the premises owned by Trublett. His wife was employde by Trublett as a domestic servant. His daughter lived with them.

Defence Counsel argued that there was no "occupation" in terms of law. Counsel submitted that because Vellappan and his family lived in rooms it did not necessarily mean they occupied them.

The owner of the premises was the occupier. The Indian woman merely lived in the rooms as part payment of her wages and consequently was not an occupier.

It was argued that the Pegging Act made a clear difference between "occupation" and "residence." In the present case, he submitted, Indians were residents as distinct from occupiers.

Judgment was reserved until October 15.

The previous case under the Pegging Act was in November last year, when Mr. P. R. Pather, Joint Secretary of the Natal Indian Congress was gaoled.

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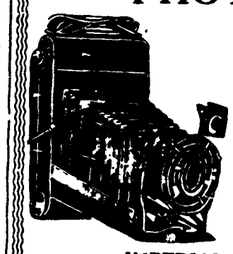
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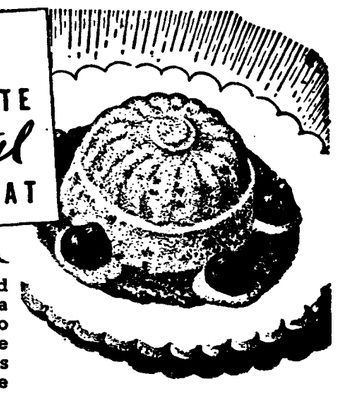
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WEATHER CHART

POONA, Oct. 7.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperature, rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours total rainfall since first January 1945 and departure from normal as recorded at nine hours I.S.T on October 7.

Ahmedabad 93 77 0 36.7 plus 7.9 Allahabad 95 68 0 22.2 minus 7.7 Bangalore 85 68 T 19.1 minus 7.9 Baroda 92 76 0 53.1 Nil BOMBAY 88 76 0 86.9 plus 17.9 Calcutta 91 77 0 42.8 minus 16.0 Cuttack 93 75 0 42.8 minus 12.3 Darjeeling 69 55 0 92.5 minus 29.3 New Delhi 95 67 0 26.8 plus 3.3 Dehra Dun 83 63 0 85.6 plus 2.5 Hyderabad 93 67 0 25.4 minus 0.7 Karachi 87 74 0 6.4 minus 1.0 Lahore 97 64 0 21.0 plus 2.5 Lucknow 92 69 0 31.7 minus 7.2 Madras 91 75 0.5 22.5 plus 2.2 Mahableshwar 75 63 0 248.5 minus 7.3 Mysore 84 68 0 22.2 minus 1.7 Nagpur 94 70 0 52.6 plus 5.2 Ootacamund 66 51 0.2 25.7 minus 15.0 Palghat 89 73 0 59.2 Nil Patna 919 75 0 25.8 minus 8.8 Pachmarhi 83 58 0 39.8 plus 12.7 Peshawar 94 65 0 8.9 minus 3.5 Poona 91 68 0 21.9 minus 1.1 Sholapur 97 72 0 14.6 minus 8.8 Simla 67 52 0 64.6 plus 5.8.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

We have forgotten that there is such a thing as soul. The essence of democracy is nothing but liberty of human soul.

—Sir S. Radhakrishnan.

The Bombay Chronicle

PLANS OF THE PLANNING MEMBER

Sir Ardeshir Dalal, addressing the Policy Committee, has laid out certain proposals for developing industries in this country, which offer more than one ground for criticism before they can be approved as integral items of a national plan. The Hon. Member is aware of the serious constitutional difficulty, which has its economic aspect no less important, caused by the anti-discrimination sections of the Government of India Act of 1935 and the consequently invidiously privileged position British capital enjoys in this country. His attitude, however, on this matter is almost defeatist, which, it is to be hoped, the Committee will lose no time in correcting. The immediate consideration of this question, the Planning Member stated, was rendered difficult because of the constitutional discussions which are shortly to take place between Britain and India. Sir Ardeshir, it is clear, refers to what Mr. Attlee called, in his recent broadcast, the preparations for a treaty regulating the transfer of power from the British to the Indian constitutional National Government of the future. He apprehends that should the final constitutional settlement between the two countries take years, "as well it might, it is not possible for the industrial development of India to proceed unhindered, so long as these constitutional provisions remain on the Statute Book." But why must this impediment to India's economic development remain in existence for a single hour? Sir Ardeshir and his colleagues have, we take it, read and studied and inwardly digested the letter and substance of the resolutions passed by the All-India Congress Committee at its recent sittings in Bombay, giving a plain warning that the Indian people will not be bound by any commitments that the present servants and agents of the British Government in India may enter into in the name of the Government of India. And if they themselves realise the iniquity of such provisions, need they support or countenance in any way the undertaking and carrying on of negotiations which may affect the independence and prosperity of this country for a generation to come? Besides, need they acquiesce in an indefinite postponement of the programme of country's industrialisation, simply because the British Government will not remove this one snag from the way, by specific amendment of the Act of 1935? What has Sir Ardeshir done to express his disapproval of such tactics, assuming he disapproves of them? Or is he indifferent to the crying need for development of capital goods industries in this country, what time the British rebuild their own national economy shattered by the war and resume ruthless competition to keep back India from industrialising and thus improving the standard of her masses' living?

We are, we repeat, thoroughly dissatisfied with this attitude of tame acquiescence in the subtle manoeuvres of British diplomacy. On the constructive side, too, Sir Ardeshir's proposals are open to objections, which do not seem to be perceived in all their gravity by him and his equally indifferent colleagues. The Planning Member is aware that the best source to obtain capital equipment for India is the United States and he has made arrangements with the Supply Mission,—incidentally strengthening that body,—to secure some share of the ten-billion-dollar surplus of such goods for this country. But the primary difficulty in realising any such programme is the lack of dollar exchange; and he offers but cold comfort on that crucial point. "The question of the dollar exchange" he says, "will be considered when the magnitude of the transactions is known. As I have stated, on more than one occasion previously, it may be possible for industrialists on proper security to arrange advances from American banks". But this is not a matter for each industrialist to arrange for himself. It is a matter of national policy, on which the collective effort of the Government is a "sine qua non", if the question is to be settled at all satisfactorily, —not only for equipping a given industry, but also for carrying out the entire programme of planned economy for years to come. It would be against the very basic conception of planned economy, to leave matters of such vital character to individual enterprise to settle as it best can with its opposite number on the other side of the globe. We trust Sir Ardeshir Dalal will realise the weakness of this position, before he allows expectations to be aroused which cannot be fulfilled without the gravest possible dangers that we do not care to particularise more fully at this stage.

Of the specific projects of development Sir Ardesir Dalal outlined before the Policy Committee, that in regard to State enterprise in ship-building or aircraft construction may be welcomed, "provided" they are strictly State monopolies. There is no room, in our opinion, for private enterprise, under planned national economy, in such key industries. At the same time, we cannot overlook the fact that a privately owned ship-building yard is already in existence and unless Sir Ardeshir throws more light on the root question of policy, we cannot extend an unqualified approval to his proposal. The same applies to the proposal for an Industrial Finance Corporation,—reminiscent, in its title, of the R.F.C., which Sir A. Dalal may want to copy. Under a properly framed national plan, however, industrial financing will be deemed a key utility, which cannot be left to private enterprise in the least degree. Sir Ardeshir Dalal does not make it clear if his projected I.F.C. is to be a State enterprise, or, like the Reserve Bank of India, a mongrel affair. We shall content ourselves with a warning at this stage that neither the national edition of the I.F.C., nor the provincial counterpart, should be left to the tender mercies of private proprietors, since the function of such corporations will have a vital bearing on the country's general development. There is one more point in the programme outlined by the Planning Member, which deserves more than a passing notice. The idea of a permanent Tariff Board must be welcomed. But until its governing policy is revised and reconditioned its utility will be more than questionable. Besides, the institution, at this moment, of such a Board pre-judges a matter of vital importance. For, it assumes there will be important industries of national character which will need protection being private, competitive enterprise, where the proprietors' one aim is to secure profit for themselves no matter what the reaction of their greed upon the national economy as a whole. There must be specific conditions for granting fiscal protection, public encouragement, or financial aid to any enterprise in private hands, so that it should keep perfect step with the rest of the country's planned economy.

Outspoken Broadcast

The value of the broadcast report of the work of the Foreign Ministers' Council which Mr. James Byrnes made to the Americans lies in the fact that it constitutes a deliberately plain and public account of the differences between America and Britain, on the one hand and the Soviet Union, on the other. It also shows the magnitude and depth of those differences. Views have clashed on practically every subject. In fact even agreements seem to be subject to important conditions. For instance, "very good" progress has been made towards the conclusion of peace treaty with Italy. But the progress may end in naught over the question of reparations from Italy in connection with which Mr. Byrnes has made out quite a good case from the American point of view: But that, of course, is a minor issue compared with the wide and serious divergences of standpoints as regards Eastern and Central Europe.

Their nature is well-known. America and Britain do not recognise the present regimes in Rumania and Bulgaria as sufficiently representative or democratic and, secondly, they demand that not only the Big Three but also the other two of the Big Five should participate in writing peace treaties with Germany's eastern satellites. As to the first, much of the difficulty may possibly be removed if the Russians allow the political representatives of their Allies to learn all the facts and permit Allied correspondents freely to enter the countries and send out their stories uncensored. As to the second, the conflict arises over the interpretation of the Potsdam Agreement. But there is another Agreement which should also be taken into account, namely, the United Nations' Charter. The issue is not so much whether a peace treaty with a particular ex-enemy country, no matter where situated, is the affair of the Big Three or the Big Five, as whether world peace is indivisible and, whether, therefore, it should be the concern of all the United Nations. There is more justification for the Big Five to draft such treaties than only the Big Three, for they have been appointed—self-appointed in a sense—as the representative leaders of the world. But even they have not the final authority. Whatever they draft and decide must, if the Big Powers are consistent and faithful to their words, be subject to acceptance, modification or even rejection by the Security Council and, ultimately, by the United Nations' Organisation. But, of course, the whole trouble arises out of mutual suspicion, greed and power politics. And it can be removed only if the Powers that count get rid of these vices. Which, admittedly is a tall order.

Frankly Speaking

Heading For Crisis

Unless firm and drastic measures are immediately taken by the Mandatory, the Palestine crisis is about to come to a head with grave consequences. In addition to the so-called secret landings of illegal Jewish immigrants on the coast and covered by well-armed, well-trained Jewish commandos, an overland invasion has apparently been planned. Thanks to the sympathy of the British and the Americans there are a large numbr of Jewish refugees staying in neighbouring countries. Some of them have started infiltrating into Palestine with the help of local Jews. An infiltration of this kind has just been reported. It is an incident which bodes ill for all concerned and for the peace of the Middle East.

Wanted Explanation

Uncontradicted press reports allege that a number of Indians, mainly students who were due to proceed to England in a troopship on Friday, were not allowed to embark in the ship because they refused to give an undertaking to the ship's authorities that they would join in cleaning the latrines and doing other menial work. If the facts are as stated they reveal a grave affair, indeed. We would withhold further comment for some time as we wish to know the facts more fully and such comments as the authorities concerned have to make. We trust the authorities will immediately issue a statement explaining whether the undertaking in question was really demanded and if so why.

An Evil Tradition

The exit of the Higashi Kuni cabinet was inevitable and it is welcome, too. The Prince-Premier and his colleagues resigned because General MacArthur decided to liquidate Japan's Gestapo and liberate the people from "thought control' and because he allowed to the people right to discuss the Emperor. That brought Higashi Kuni and his colleagues out. MacArthur's directives are of the essence of democracy, in fact, anything less would be positively undemocratic. Prince Higashi Kuni's opposition meant that he had been paying only lip service to democracy. He had to go. Nor is General MacArthur wrong in contemplating a radical revision of the "institution of monarchy". Japanese monarchy is peculiar because the people have been deliberately brought up in the tradition of its divine origin and to regard it as an institution that dominates the entire life and even death of the Japanese people. Most of the aggressive national evils arise out of this tradition. And if the Japanese are to be re-educated and reformed the tradition has got to be exploded.

Child Delinquency

Speaking on "Child Delinquency and its Prevention" at a meeting of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council last week, Dr. Katayun Cama deplored the inadequate attention of the public towards this problem and pointed out how the criminal tendency in abnormal children is far more due to faulty environment than to heredity and how it can be counteracted to a very large extent by right environment. Bad environment includes, generally, extreme poverty, parents' neglect an inadequate facilities for vocational education for children. And the right environment, if it cannot remedy poverty and parental neglect, should at least provide adequate facilities for varied forms of vocational training. Craft-cultured Basic education should go a long way in this direction both in the cities and in rural areas. Dr. Cama rightly emphasised the principle that the care of children who are destitute and uncared for by their parents should be the concern and the duty of the State and that there should be an all-India Children's Act to prevent child delinquency by all possible means. Social service, particularly women's institutions, and Basic schools can considerably help the State in this beneficent task.

THE ARAB LEAGUE

Present Work And Future Possibilities

(By Abdur Rahman Siddiqi, Editor, "Morning News", Calcutta.)

II*

As stated the idea of Arab unity under the aegis of Great Britain had never appealed to me. Piecemeal it would have taken the imperialists longer to devour them but as a Federation they could be swallowed up in one morsel. There was also the point to be considered whether too much emphasis on the Arab aspect of the scheme would have led to a complete separation between Arab countries and other Muslim States and peoples. Turkey, Iran and Afghanistan were not Arab and yet in the pre-war days they had entered into the Pact of Saadabad. Even viewed in the purely Arabic conception of the scheme, would the Arab League restrict its activities to the territories of the member States only or would it permit Tripoli, Tunis, Algeria and Morocco to come in? In my informal talks with leaders of Arab countries and also Ministers and high officials, I was assured that once the League had come into being there was nothing to stop it from widening its scope of activities on the cultural, educational and economic plane.

Cairo Conference And After

The Cairo Conference may be declared to have been a success in more ways than one. It is exactly the reverse of the subservient body its original sponsors wanted it to be. At San Francisco the Arab representatives, led by that Grand Old Arab Faris Bey al-Khoury, the Christian Prime Minister of Syria, made a deep impression on the ignorant and ill-informed men gathered there. The spirit engendered by the Arab League kept the Arabs together, they spoke with one voice and acted in unison. More than at San Francisco the united front presented by the Arab States against the inhuman behaviour of France in Lebanon and Syria and their success in compelling it to withdraw its troops augur well for the future. It was not the intention of the member States to begin work in the political field. The idea was to further and enlarge cultural and educational contacts. Suggestions had also been made for a sort of *Zollverein*, a common currency or better exchange policy, easy flow of commercial goods and the creation of a condition of self-sufficiency so far as the primary needs of the people were concerned. The inordinate haste of the United Nations to add to their numbers by a threatening demand that the States in the Middle East should declare war against Germany and Japan at the risk of their being left out in the final settlement of peace forced politics forward. And then came the atrocities committed by France. To have accepted these latter lying down would have been dishonourable after all the tall talk of Arab unity and the Arab League.

Support To Palestine

The third item is the activities of world Zionism to compel England through America to break the pledge given about the stoppage of further immigration of Jews into Palestine and the selling of Arab lands to or through the Jewish agency, the dominant and dictatorial partner in the mandatory administration of the country. The League is united in its opposition both to further immigration and the creation of a Jewish State in the whole of Palestine or after partitioning it. Should President Truman or the British Labour Cabinet decide to coerce the Arabs to accept such an unconscionable decision the Arabs will oppose its enforcement, if need be by force. The League secretariat has also been collecting funds to buy land in Palestine, and thus save them from passing into Jewish hands. Nearly £3,000,000 have been promised by the different States for this purpose, while the two banks in Jerusalem, the Arab Bank and the Umma Bank are doing all in their power to help the cause. These questions have come to the fore unexpectedly and have to be tackled without delay.

That, however, does not mean that the cultural, commercial and other aspects of the programme of Arab unity will be neglected. The change over from war to peace conditions will take time especially in Egypt. The Franco-Syrian dispute will need to be settled amicably and British and French troops withdrawn from Arab territories before it will be feasible to undertake other problems in hand. Given the determination, there appears to be no reason why the Arab should not put his house in order and at the same time continue to remain on friendly relations with foreign Powers if they begin to reciprocate his sentiment sincerely and honestly.

The Danger To Arab Unity

The danger to Arab unity lies in the commercial rivalry of European Powers and America. To retain their hold on the oils of Mosul, Iran and Al-Hasa, they may enter into an unholy alliance to tighten their stranglehold on the integrity and independence of Arab countries. The Mosul oil pipe line cuts across Iraq, Syria, Lebanon and Palestine. The proposed new American pipe line from the Persian Gulf to the Mediterranean is expected to pass through Arabia proper, Trans-Jordan and Palestine. If the terminus is decided to be fixed at Ghazza or even Alexandria, then we have to add the Senai Peninsula and the Delta of the Nile. The scramble for oil is positively revolting. The British monopoly over the deposits of Ahwaz and Bahrain and the American monopoly over those of Al-Hasa, Nejd and possibly Hijaz have in their cumulative effect, raised the ire of Russia. That country possesses more oil actually and potentially than almost the whole world put together, in the Caucasus, in Kuban and in the wide expanses of Siberia from the Urals to Sakhalin. And yet it has created an international problem over the oils of Persia. Is it the oil or is it the warm waters of the Persian Gulf? Mosul oils are controlled primarily by France and Great Britain with the Dutch Shell and the Standard Oil groups as easy seconds.

Whether the upholders of world peace will play the game of oil grabbing in a team or whether they will follow the policy of each one for himself, in either case there is danger to the Arab World and the Arab League. In the first case they may seek to impose their joint will on the Arabs jointly. In the second case intrigue, mischief and time-honoured schemings of concession hunting may shatter Arab unity unless the Arabs are wary and watchful and remain united against clever intrigues and mischievous temptation. Arab countries do need money to finance plans for their improvement and betterment. If they fight on the oil front unitedly—and I do hope the chances of such a possibility have not been signed away—they will have secured safety and stopped the ferocious octopuses from destroying the Middle East and even throwing the world into another conflagration. The Arab League can prove to be of vital and decisive service in this matter by keeping the Arab countries bound in a united front.

League Of Rulers

Although modelled on the League of Nations, the Arab League is a League of Arab Kings. King Farooq, King Ibne Saud, King Yahya, King Faisal and Amir Abdullah will rule the organisation through their Ministers and representatives. The Arab nation or nations as such do not come in except in a minority representing the Republics of Syria and Lebanon and the patriotic and zealous body of the Arabs of Palestine. Conditions have of late in Arab lands tended to be monarchical than national. Will they continue to remain so or will the people also influence the decisions of the Arab League? This has yet to be seen. Ministers working under the direct authority of Kings and holding office at their pleasure may become the tools of the experienced diplomats of the rich and militarily powerful oil hunting States working through their nationals used as camouflage. If the people are associated with their Majesties and their Excellencies such a catastrophe may be averted.

Secretary General

The Secretary-General of the Arab League who has been given Ambassadorial rank and should wield great influence in formulating its policies, Abdur Rahman Bey Azzam has had a most interesting career. Egyptian by birth, he went to Edinburgh to study medicine. On the declaration of war by the States comprising the Balkan League against Turkey, Abdur Rahman Bey joined up as volunteer and fought at the battle of Kirk Kilisseh and Lule Burgas. Going back to his country after the Treaty of London, which brought the war to an end the restlessness and enthusiasm of young Abdur Rahman would not let him sit idle. He crossed over into Tripoli and fought the Italians for years in the desert in company with Sanousies. Lacking funds and lacking munitions it was a wonder how the unequal fight did continue for almost two decades. Abdur Rahman Bey was offered millions of lire by the Fascist Government to withdraw but he refused to listen to such allurements. On the capture of the Oasis of Kufra and the final surrender of Sanousies he came back to Egypt and after a time was chosen to represent his country as ambassador in Baghdad and in Iran and Hijaz also. With the Premier Ali Pasha Maher he represented Egypt at the Palestine Conference in London in 1938-39. In the Ahmed Maher Pasha Cabinet he was made Minister in charge of Arab affairs and now that the League has been established he has been put in charge of it. No man could better suit the position than His Excellency Abdur Rahman Bey Azzam.

The League is composed of Christian and Muslim Arabs and it is a happy augury for the future that they are working in a spirit of mutual confidence for the benefit and advancement of all.

*The first article appeared on 6th instant.

(CONCLUDED)

Tory Party Inquest On Election Rout

Failed Because They Did Not Preach Pure Tory Doctrine

(From Our Corrsepondent)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

Lord Beaverbrook was strongly attacked in yesterday's Tory inquest on the General Election held at the Royal Empire Society. Most of the two hundred defeated Tories including the Amerie, father and son, Wardlaw Milne, Walter Eliot, Harold MacMilan were present. Mr. Bracken, and Mr. Hore Belisha were the notable absentees. Practically every one did some talking. They all applauded when G. S. Summer Ex-Secretary to Overseas Trade Department in Churchill's Caretaker Government stated that the impact of Beaverbrook on the Tory Party was disastrous.

Other speakers demanded that Beaverbrook should be asked to resign from the party. Beaverbrook was also criticised for his influence on the policy of presenting the Conservative case badly in his 'Newspapers' by staffing them with left-wing journalists, but Beaverbrook had his defenders. Several of them stated that his influence on Tory policy was grossly exaggerated Mr. Bracken whose name coupled with Beaverbrook as policymaker was not attacked, nor was Mr. Churchill. His leadership of the party was praised.

Some of he speakers advocated an approach to the liberals. Their argument was "we must form an Anti-Socialist bloc of Liberals and Tories. Toryism lost, because for fifteen long years the party was in coalition and failed to preach the pure Tory doctrines. The Tory Party Machine had grown rusty during the war period."

Sir Ralph Assheton presided.

Speaking about his own defeat it is believed that Mr. Amery stressed that was not defeated on the India issue. Those who thought that way were living under a delusion. The policy he advocated for India was "his friends say", he asserted being continued by the present Labour Government. He was defeated on Domestic issues as were other Tories

Another Jap Officer Shoots Himself

PEARL HARBOUR, Oct. 7. (A.P.A.) The suicide of Rear-Admiral Nisuka Masuda, former Japanese Commading Officer in the Jalui Atoll in the Marshalls was reported by the United States Navy today.

He shot himself shortly, before the arrival at Emidi island, of the Commanding Officer of the destroger "Thornhill" for a conference concerning American prisoners of war.

Women As Goodwill Promoters

By LEELA JOG

Of all the people it was Fareeda who appeared at the door at an unusually early hour, for Fareeda 8 o'clock in the morning was early! It was always such fun to see her come panting and still arranging her hair to catch the 9-30 Limited Stop. But today her well-groomed face seemed a bit too ruffled and even before I could ask her anything she announced, "I am coming to stay with you for a couple of days. Bhaijan and Bhabi are going out of Bombay and they don't want me to stay alone. Haven't you seen the papers yet?"

The situation in the city was disturbed then and so we lost no time in fixing up our office timings. It was better to go out together than alone and wasn't Fareeda a good companion? She was so proud of her P T diploma and quite naturally so.

One foul morning Bombay woke up with a start at the darkening news of unexpected disturbances in some parts of the city. Assaults, knifing and even murders are not such uncommon news items in a big city like Bombay, but that day it had a different colouring. Of course, there was not much time to think discuss or find out the facts. The hustle and hurry of city-life hardly allowed any leisure for that and everyone went about his business—offices, schools, shops, etc.

But one could not forget it—the topic was in the air, on the lips and in the minds. "A pathan was stabbed, a Hindu hotel boy killed. Ramsharan milkman waylaid and Rahim Khan roti-wallah knifed in the stomach." It went on all over with many permutations and combinations. And in spite of yourself it assumed the ugly shape of 'riots.' You could not but accept it—it was a "communal riot" by the time you returned home!

With the next morning came forth still more reports of stabbing and assaults. Life became panicky and one thought of the ways of by-passing the affected areas while going to work.

The ragged looking, old Muslim egg-vendor had come and delivered the eggs, while the ever-whistling Bhaiyya had emptied as usual his milk pot at the next door Muslim flat,—but still the riot was communal, between Hindus and Muslims. You could not get away with it!—So we were told!

In times like these in spite of our modernism and civilization, it is especially the women and children who find themselves in a helpless condition. If the women venture out it becomes "senseless derring-do", while staying at home means endless hours of anxiety for the men away from home. And, therefore, more the reason why they should try their utmost to curb the irresponsible utterances of their men folk.

By nature women are more psychic than men and that is why they are able to see beyond a cloud of emotions which are very easily roused in such tense atmosphere. Even a merely academic discussion or an unintentional remark is enough to flare up trouble. But as women are comparatively aloof from it, they are in a better position to see the issue clearly in spite of the bloodshed and horror that result from the senseless acts of a few bloodthirsty ruffians.

Of course, we all know that such things are not going to take us anywhere near our goal, nevertheless there is the lurking danger of their assuming a hideous form in the present sense of frustration, which is prevailing all over the country. We simply cannot believe that the two communities can suddenly go at each other's throat overnight but still we cannot afford to under-estimate its its likely influence upon the ignorant people.

What we need do under such circumstances is to educate the gullible and uninformed on the proper lines. Setting up peace committees only when the emergency arises will not help us to check the menace periodically indulged in by 'goondas' of both the communities. Moreover with the forthcoming elections, echoes of the Bombay incidents may even be heard in many parts of the country. And so it is only proper that the 'urbs prima in Indis' should give the lead in effectively preventing the outburst of such foul deeds.

Surely it is the first duty of the responsible and influential men and women of the different communities to come together right now and devise the ways and means of handling any repeat performance of the unhappy incidents. Relief committees and volunteer brigades play their part when the occasion comes up but what is urgently required at all times is a mobile propaganda machine to create and maintain goodwill among the different communities.

And it is here that women can play a very important role. Besides educating their children in the home, they can also guide and restrain to a great extent the number of ignorant men and women whom they come across in their routine transactions. For it is common knowledge that to a woman purchasing a piece of cloth or a pound of greens does not merely mean an exchange of her coins for the commodity. It also means a human experience. And so she could easily act as conscious goodwill promoter.

"EUROPA" TO BE IN SERVICE FOR ALLIES SOON

LONDON (I.P.S.): The German Transoceanic luxury liner, 'Europa' will be in service with the Allies in about a month's time. The repairs are almost complete and the liner is at present in Bremershaven.

RAMLILA FUNCTION PASSES OFF SMOOTHLY

JUBBULPORE Oct. 7. (U.P.I.) Ramlila Barat (marriage party) procession passed off smoothly last night. The procession consisted of over 10,000 persons, including several hundred Muslims. At several places prominent Muslims entertained the processionists with "pan supari" and garlands.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, (U.P.A.): Whether the ancestor worshipping Japanese know it or not, they are being ruled today by a man whose illustrious, if remote, forebears include Charlemagne, Alfred the Great, King Robert Bruce of Scotland, Hugh the Great who led the first Crusade, and the Barons who forced King John to sign the Magna Carta, reports a United Press of America correspondent.

General Douglas MacArthur may not know it himself, but Clan Campbell says it's so.

* * *

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose has warned students of Bengal and India against the insidious infiltration of Communists into their organisation.

Chiang Kai-Shek, Jawaharlal and now the Indian Communists. Who next?

Meanwhile we cannot but congratulate Sarat Babu on making up for the years of enforced silence at tremendous speed and with all round energy.

* * *

An Indian Muslim resident in Sikatain says: "To support the Muslim League is obviously to endorse reaction....."

This is an obviously lying and slanderous insinuation against—well, for instance, any dozen or half dozen League leaders, old and new whose names may occur to you at random.

* * *

"NEW DELHI, Oct. 6. Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, Honorary Secretary of the All-India Muslim League, announces that the meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League, which was to be held at Karachi on October 14, has been postponed."

—A. P. I

What, what wha—we mean why, why, why?

* * *

It is complained that six weeks after the Japanese surrender the liberation of the Dutch East Indies is not a reality.

It is true, too; we mean the complaint. You see the complainant is the Dutch Minister for Overseas Territories, eager to "liberate" Indonesia for his country.

* * *

Baron Shidehara announces that Japan will follow the course of democracy.

This is provocative impertinence which needs a sharp and stinging reminder to the Jap that he has lost the war and mustn't talk and behave as if Japan was not a defeated country.

Follow the course of democracy! And, therefore, obviously be allowed to hold other people's territories and call them "our"!! What insolent nonsense.

* * *

Mr. Byrnes, U. S. Secretary of State, hopes that the Soviet Government will agree that "the nations that fought the war—the world war—shall have the chance to make the world."

What, the nations of the Near, Mid, Central, and Far East, too?

*

Moscow Radio announces that, on the request of the Soviet Government, Lieutenant General Narevyeanko, the representative of the Soviet Armed Forces in Japan, arrived in Moscow on October 5th.

We now await further announcements with excited interest.

*

According to a Johannesburg report, the South African Government has decided that a wife is not essential to an ex-serviceman's rehabilitation.

Nor, in fact, to that of any man. Quite the contrary.

WORK FOR UPLIFT OF DOWNTRODDEN

Advice To Harijans

Under the auspices of the Congress Harijan Seva Samiti, 'Gandhi Jayanti prize distribution' was held on Sunday at the Congress House, when Mjt. Nagindas T. Master presided. Harijan members spoke on the occasion.

Mr. Anandhi Khanji, Chairman of the Harijan Committee said that he started medical relief centres in some of the important Harijan localities, and advised the residents to take the benefit of such dispensaries which were mainly meant for Harijans, free of cost.

Miss Gangaben Rathod said that in reality there were very few sincerely devoted followers who actually followed Mahatmaji's gospel in respect of Harijan uplift, though they called themselves Congressmen. She cited an instance of a Congress member who refused giving of any temporary accommodation on the ground of her being a Harijan.

Mr. G. C. Shinde while paying high tributes to Gandhiji's sufferings and sacrifices, requested Harijan members to work for the uplift of their own down-trodden "community and co-operate with the Congress workers. There was no use of saying what Mahatmaji had done for Harijans. But they should know what Gandhiji had not done for removing untouchability.

Mr. Chotan Kumar said that Gandhiji was known for his 'Satyagraha.' They should not try to depend on others' help always. They themselves should have interest, inspiration and initiative in their own uplift.

Mr. N. R. Mane and Mr. D. N. Pakhre, received 1st and 2nd prizes respectively, in the elocution competition.

Miss Ranibai Gohil and Miss Jasoben Jagajivan received 1st and 2nd prizes, respectively, in the spinning competition.

Mr. Waghela and Mr. Bhakubhai Shivram received 1st and 2nd prizes, respectively, in the spinning competition.

Mr. S. N. Jasavkar received a special prize.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master congratulated the prize winners while distributing the prizes.

Our Rajkot correspondent wires:

The Northcot Shield Cricket match was played here between Dharmendrasinhji College Team and Baroda College Team in which Dharmendrasinhji College team was defeated by 80 runs.

Terror Of "Police Raj" Still Stalks Satara

Shankerrao Deo Appeals To Govt. To Show Greater Wisdom

"Remove Army, Extra Police And Punitive Restrictions"

POONA, Oct. 7. (A. P. I.): Mr. Shankerrao Deo, Member of the Congress Working Committee, who recently returned from a tour of the Satara District, in a statement issued today appeals to the Bombay Government to show greater wisdom and statesmanship and remove troops and the extra police, which are stationed there, and withdraw the restrictions imposed on normal public activity.

RESTORE CIVIL LIBERTIES

He says: "The war is over and there is an attempt to revert to normal and peaceful activity. The attitude of the Government, however, in Satara was certainly not helpful in that direction. In the name of their prestige they were sacrificing the normal and legitimate rights of the common men and women of Satara.

Mr. Deo points out that if the present restrictions continue, the ensuing elections cannot be called free or fair. He says there is no justification for continuing the present policy of blind repression and blackout of all civil freedom.

He says: "After issuing a statement on the situation in Satara early in September, I met the District Magistrate of Satara and the Secretary to the Home Department, Government of Bombay, and explained to them the immediate urgency of restoring civil liberties in the District. It was not possible for the Congress organisation to function normally as long as the ban on public meetings was not removed.

Genuine peace and normal conditions can never be created as long as the terror of the "Police Raj" pervaded in the District. I appealed to them to stop the policy of terror and vengeance, withdraw the military and the extra police, as the underground movement had admittedly ceased to function, and carry on the administration by winning the co-operation of the accredited representatives of the people.

"Their attitude was neither helpful nor reassuring, but I was hoping that in view of the coming elections at least, Government would soon be persuaded to remove all the punitive restrictions on normal public activities.

GOVERNOR'S UNHAPPY SPEECH

I was, therefore, pained though not surprised at the speech that the Governor of Bombay made during his recent visit to Satara last week. I was myself touring the District when I read that unhappy speech.

"It is, of course, in tune with the previous Government 'communique' on Satara. But, there is not even an attempt to see the other side of the picture or a readiness to admit the possible shortcomings of an irresponsible and autocratic administration. One wonders if His Excellency is even aware of the avoidable hardships that the hundreds of men, women are being made to undergo as a result of the "Police Raj" in Satara. There is not a word of sympathy for the harassed people of the District. On the contrary, the Governor has put his seal of approval on the doing of the police. He has patted his "capable and energetic" officers on the back and given them the sole credit for restoring order.

"There is neither dignity for fairness in the boastful speech of the Governor. It betrays a lack of appreciation and understanding of the real situation in Satara District. He is welcome to his own conclusions, but I want to join issue on two points and prove the fallacy of his argument.

"No Government worth the name" says His Excellency, "will tolerate such organized lawlessness." True. But let it also be remembered that no civilised Government will fail to analyse the deep-rooted causes which have created such lawlessness and resort to blind and brutal repression without taking public opinion in confidence and winning the co-operation and support of the accredited representatives of the people. He admits that terrorism 'has been completely checked' but makes the 'speedy removal of restrictions' which would facilitate an early return to normal conditions, conditional on the rounding up or voluntary surrender of the remaining absconders with arms.

In all humility, let me remind His Excellency, that no democratic and responsible Government would dare take a petulent attitude of vengeance and terrorisation. Why this brutal victimisation of the whole people for the alleged acts of a handful of men whom the police are not able to find out? A civilised and responsible Government would certainly not have disdained the hand of co-operation extended to it by responsible leaders of public opinion and insisted on wrecking vengeance on the heads of innocent people by continuing, without adequate justification, a police regime of fear and terror.

I visited nearly twenty villages during my short tour in the last week of Sentember and I found out that there is an atmosphere of dark after all over. No one feels safe; for anyone might be arrested without the least cause under 129 D. I. R. hundreds of innocent men are being detained without trial. Complaints of illegal exaction and demands by the police were brought before me. Men and women are being arrested without warrant and kept in police lock-ups for days and months. In some cases they are beaten and tortured.

The condition of the lock-ups is insanitary and often unfit for human habitation. The men in the lock-ups are not allowed to move out and not given even the minimum of facilities for washing and bathing.

They are detained under 129 D. I R. but treated as under-trial prisoners and questioned at all hours of the days. None of the facilities that a security prisoner is entitled to get are given nor are they shown the rules which are laid down for the treatment of such prisoners.

There is plague epidemic in the District that makes the condition of living there still more intolerable. Serious complaints about the condition and treatment in the lock-up of Khanapur Taluka have reached me, though the conditions in most lock-ups are equally unsatisfactory. In Tasgaon there is plague and the Mamlatdar's office has been shifted, but the detenus are still kept in the Tasgaon lock-up.

PLEA FOR WISDOM AND STATESMANSHIP

The state of affairs in the Satara District is far from satisfactory and needs to be handled with wisdom and statesmanship. The self-complacent attitude of the authorities, who are replying solely on police methods of terrorisation, will breed greater bitterness and sullen hatred.

"I have actually come across cases of men who have recently, that is during the last month, gone underground for fear of being arrested by the police. The vicious circle can never be broken unless there is a radical change in the Government's present attitude. The present attitude of the Government really amounts to holding the whole people of the District as hostages for the alleged absconders. It is in pace with the old policy of imposing collective fines on villages but it is certainly not a civilised method and cannot have any justification in the present circumstances. The only way out is to seek and accept the co-operation of the peoples accredited leaders.

I again appeal to the Government to show greater wisdom and statesmanship and remove the Army and extra police and all punitive restrictions on normal public activity. Let them release all who have been detained without trial and take the people's accredited representatives in confidence and carry on the administration with their co-operation. If a general amnesty is declared, it will be easier to bring the alleged offenders to book and meet the menace of the traditional criminal absconders in the District who are again beginning to be active and about whom the Government has never been able to make any permanent and effective 'bandobast.'

Inspite of the adverse circumstances and the unhelpful attitude of the Government, I hope the Congress workers will continue their efforts to restore peaceful conditions in the District and build up as best as they can the Congress organization by serving the people in every possible way.

MacArthur Descended From Royality

OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, (Via Air Mail) U.P.A.: Whether the ancestor worshipping Japanese know it or not, they are being ruled today by a man whose illustrious, if remote, forebears include Charlemagne, Alfred the Great, King Robert the Bruce of Scotland, Hugh the Great who led the first Crusade, and the Barons who forced King John to sign the Magna Carta, reports a United Press of America correspondent.

General Douglas MacArthur may not know it himself, but Clan Campbell says it's so.

A branch of the clan was organized in 1927 for all Americans who wore the right Tartan. Its original purpose, according to the founder, Mrs. Mary Norton, was to put bells in the belfry of the Campbell Memorial ag Inverayra, Argyll, Scotland. As a sideline it traced the ancestry of the clan back to the days when Charlemagne was attempting to quell the rebellious Saxons and Alfred was pushing the Danes back into the sea.

Mrs. Norton said MacArthur qualified because in "Bygone times, two Campbell women married into the MacArther branch. "Mrs. MacArthur, it seems, also is a Campbell descendant.

U. S. Will Hold Air Races Next Summer

WASHINGTON, (Via Air Mail—U. P. A.): Vice-President Albert J. Weatherford, Jr. of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, announced that the famous Cleveland National Air Races will be resumed next summer.

The air races were last held in 1939. Weatherford said one of the outstanding attractions of the 1946 races will be an event featuring jet-propelled aircraft.

BRACKEN TO BE BEAVERBROOK'S PRESS CHIEF

LONDON: (I.P.S.): It is likely that Mr. Brenden Braken, former Minister of Information and Churchill's protege will give up politics and join service. Reports are current that Lord Beaverbrook, the newspaper baron has offered Braken a job as chief of his press, in view of the fact that his son Max Aitkon is not interested in newspapers.

LONDON MICA CONFERENCE SENSATION

Permission Refused To Indian To Visit London Micanite Factory

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, Oct. 5.

The Mica conference wherein the representatives from India the United Kingdom and the United States are participating opened last Monday and is expected to go on for another week. There have also been informal exchanges of views between Indian and English Mica trade. There appears be divergences of views and Mr. Chandmull the representative from India is unable to agree with the views put forward by the representatives of the English Trade.

The views of the United Kingdom delegation seems be different both from the views of representatives from India and the representatives of the United Kingdom mica trade. Fortunately the Government of India representative Sir David Meek the Deputy High Commissioner is taking a strong attitude in support of the Indian Mica trade especially from the point view of Indian Labour. The differences of opinion appear to be mainly centred around the method of disposal of the surplus stocks. In the opinion of Mr. Chandmull the method proposed by the United Kingdom trade is impracticable necessitating rigid Government Control over the export of mica.

A sensation was caused in Indian circles at the report of refusal of a certain Micanite factory in the suburbs of London of permission to Mr. Chandmull to visit the factory in company of Mr. Prior the representative of Government of India and Mr. Holton another representative of the Government of India who are attending the Conference. I am told on excellent authority that this action of the factory management was taken on the ground of secrecy.

Of course the invitation was duly extended to Messrs Prior and Holton who visited factory yesterday.

ROYALIST PAPER SUSPENDED

BRUSSELS, Oct. 6 (A.P.A.): The Belgian Prime Minister, Achille Van Acker, today suspended the royalist newspaper, "Le Quotidien", which in its issue on October 4 accused the Prime Minister of misleading public opinion.

JINNAH TO CONTEST CENTRAL ASSEMBLY SEAT FROM BOMBAY

QUETTA, Oct. 6. (A.P.I.): It is reliably learned that Mr. M. A. Jinnah will contest the Central Assembly seat from the Bombay City Muslim Constituency. It is further learned that he has applied to the Central Parliamentary Board of the All-India Muslim League for ticket.

It is understood that Mr. Jinnah will proceed direct to Bombay and will not stay in Karachi for a week as previously contemplated.

Asaf Ali To Contest Central Assembly Seat?

NEW DELHI, Oct. 6 (U. P. I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has asked the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee to recommend to the Central Parliamentary Board the name of the candidate to be set up for the Central Assembly from the Delhi Constituency in the coming election.

An emergent meeting of the Delhi Congress Committee will be held to-morrow when the candidate will be selected.

It is gathered that the name of Mr. Asaf Ali, the sitting member of the Central Assembly, will be recommended and special permission will be sought from the Central Parliamentary Board as according to the resolution of the Working Committee special sanction of the Board is required for setting up any member of the Parliamentary Board in the selections.

NO SEEKING OF POWER FOR ITS OWN SAKE

Why "Frontier Gandhi" Refused To Take Responsibility For Elections

LAHORE Oct. 6, (A. P. I.): When the attention of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, the leader of the Khudai Khidmatgars was drawn to a press report to the effect that he had refused to take responsibility about elections he said that this was not a correct version.

He said that it was true that he had refused to take the responsibility, but that refusal was based on principle.

The first thing was that he had no faith in the present constitution. He believed that a majority of the present members of the Legislature had failed to fulfil their duties towards the country. The real power was still with the Governor and the present Ministry in the Frontier Province was greatly handicapped in meeting the demands of the masses.

Replying to the criticism that such a declaration on his part would tell a lot on the prestige of the Party, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan said: "I am a religious man and the question of prestige does not arise. My belief is that power should be used to serve the masses and power for the sake of power naturally ends in the exploitation of the masses.

"If the Provincial Parliamentary Board selects the right type of representatives who would not betray the cause of the depressed and oppressed masses, I shall gladly take the responsibility about the election."

Steps are being taken to transfer the body of the last Caliph, Abdul Megid the Second from Paris to Damascus.

India Questions For Commons

Wife & Children Of Political Prevented From Seeing Him Before Death In Prison ?

LONDON, Oct. 6 (Reuter): With the return of the five-day Parliamentary week, it looks as if the practice of having questions on India exclusively on Thursdays has been discontinued.

There are two India questions down for the first day of Parliamentary resumption—Tuesday, October 9—but the main body of questions addressed to the Under-Secretary of India in the Commons is reserved for the following Monday when Major W. Wyatt, Labour Member, will ask a question about Mr. Mohamed Yamin Dar.

"Is the Under-Secretary of State Aware?", he inquires, "that Mr. Mohamed Yamin Dar, who was arrested at Ludhiana in August 1942, died in April 1945 while still a political prisoner and that although he was ill for some time before dying, his wife and children were prevented, after making an application, from seeing him before he died, and what steps he will take to prevent further occurrences of such a nature?"

Mr. Peter Freeman, Labour Member for a Welsh constituency, wants to know the number of political prisoners now imprisoned in India and how many are being detained without trial.

Mr. Garry Allighan, Labour journalist Member, asks: "Why, in view of the special announcement that one of the causes of slow rate of service releases is lack of transport, the Government of India has arranged for a large number of Indian students to be transported to Britain by a troopship this month?"

SOEKARNO INVITES NEHRU TO JAVA

(Continued from Page 1.)

lated by interested parties against the people of Indonesia" and were open to men and women of good-will of all races.

As immediate neighbours, India China, Australia and the Philippines had a vital interest in happenings here. Further, by virtue of their tremendous contributions to the establishment of a free world, they had won for themselves an undisputed right to lead and guide the younger generations of the Pacific towards full realisations of Democratic Government.

TRIBUTE TO NEHRU

Referring to Pandit Nehru, Dr. Soekarno says: "He is not only one of India's brilliant and most gifted sons and one of the greatest Asiatics of this generation but also a thinker whose contributions towards culture and international understanding inevitably cut the pattern and shape the course of the future world".

SPITFIRES TO BE USED AGAINST ANNAMITES

LONDON, Oct. 7. (Reuter): A single shot from either side might cause a new flareup after the four days truce at Saigon, says the correspondent of the London newspaper "News of the World" to-day.

The correspondent says that "more than 15,000 Annamites with their Japanese leaders are waiting outside this city in an endless monsoon downpour.

On this side of the no man's river which skirts the city our troops remain in their defensive positions.

Within the city three representatives of the Annamite extremist Viet Minh organisation are waiting under the British safe conduct guarantee to meet the French authorities for further discussions.

These will decide whether the Annamite armed force together with many thousands more of unarmed or partially armed followers is to attempt to carry out its threat to attack Saigon and wipe out its European population of 20,000.

Within the city too, Field Marshal Count Terauchi, the aged Japanese Supreme Commander in the Southern Region, sits with bowed head in the house he was ordered by the British headquarters to occupy, following proof of Japanese participation in the Annamite uprisings.

In flowery language and with many bows he repeatedly asserts that the men of his army now leading the Annamites are "deserters", traitors to the God Emperor and no longer to be considered Japanese.

Meanwhile, since the truce for discussions began last Tuesday British and French ships have arrived with supplies and reinforcements.

So there will be well over 20,000 British and Indian troops alone in besieged Saigon. They are bringing field artillery and armoured cars.

Major-General Gracey, British Military Commander and head of the Allied Control Commission, is awaiting a reply to his request for permission to use Royal Air Force Spitfires against the Annamites.

Despite the continued extreme nervousness of the French population it is believed that by agreeing to the truce on Tuesday the Annamites have lost their last hope of succeeding in an attack on the city.

Indian Workers' Protest

CALCUTTA, Oct. 7. (A.P.I.): The President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose, has sent the following cable to the Secretary of State for India.

"The All-India Trade Union Congress strongly resents the use of British and Indian troops in Indonesia and Indo-China. Great labour trouble is apprehended".

U. S. MARINE UNION'S PROTEST

NEW YORK, Oct. 7. (A.P.A.): Protests were filed with the British and Australian Governments to-day by the United States National Marine Union which charged that they were interfering with the independence movements of the Indonesian people.

(ALSO SEE PAGE 6)

MAHATMA'S PROGRAMME

POONA, Oct. 7. (A.P.I.)

Mahatma Gandhi is expected to leave Poona for Sevagram by the end of the third week of this month. It is gathered that Gandhiji wants to stay for about a week at Sevagram before going on his tour of Bengal.

WAVELLS AT SRINAGAR

SRINAGAR, Oct. 7 (A.P.I.)

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Wavell arrived at Srinagar aerodrome at noon today by special plane from New Delhi.

This is their first visit Kashmir. They are expected to stay in Kashmir for about one week.

Lord Wavell will open Sri Harisingh Hospital at Srinagar on Oct. 11. There will be a State banquet and a party at the Residency.

One Stabbed At R. D. P. Meeting

LUCKNOW, Oct. 7 (A.P.I.): The Radical Democratic Party's first election propaganda meeting in Lucknow today was marred by a free exchange of lathi blows, brickbats and a solitary case of stabbing, necessitating immediate police intervention.

It appears that a section of the audience objected to the remarks of a speaker, Mr. Dhanpat Ram, who criticised the policy of the Congress High Command and described it as a body of capitalists. There was an uproar and slogans and counterslogans rent the air. A free fight then developed between the two rival groups in which one volunteer of the Radical Democratic Party was stabbed in the chest and half a dozen persons received injuries.

The police rushed to the scene and restored order.

In Poona Too

POONA, Oct. 7 (A.P.I.): Four Communists are alleged to have been assaulted by a group of persons in Poona, this evening, while selling copies of 'Lok Yudha', the Marathi organ of the Communist Party.

Copies of "Lok Yudha" are said to have been snatched from their hands and torn to pieces.

Notices Served On Urdu Papers

Three Urdu papers: "Khilafat," "Hindustan" and "Iqbal" were served with notices on Saturday under the Criminal Procedure Code, Section 144, in which they were warned to refrain from mentioning areas of assaults and nationality of victims.

The Urdu newspaper "Inquilabe-Jadid" was served with a similar notice some four days back but on alleged failure to comply with the notice, the police filed a complaint against the editor before Mr. R. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, yesterday. Summons against the editor was issued.

TRIAL OF STRENGTH IMMINENT IN BURMA

Patriot Says "We Cannot Be Intimidated By Show Of Force"

LONDON, Oct. 7. (Reuter): Describing the efforts of British and Indian veterans of the Burma campaign to round up starving, desperate bands of Japanese Guerillas and stragglers, the special correspondent of the London newspaper "News of the World" says to-day that these men, "nearly two months after Japanese surrender, are fighting against conditions as atrocious as any they encountered in the notoriously rigorous south-east Asia operations".

In the Delta area to the east and south-east of Rangoon, our troops advancing to occupy lower Burma are faced with a new enemy: dacoits, armed bandits and soldiers of—fortune, who are looting Japanese dumps and ravaging towns and villages.

Large numbers of fully armed troops of the Japanese inspired socalled 'Patriot Burma Forces" are in this part of the country. They are thought to be at least encouraging the dacoits to hinder British re-occupation.

In Rangoon Aung San, the self-styled Major Gen. and Commander of the "Patriot Burma Forces", is making public protestations of his intention to abide by the agreement made with Admiral Lord Louis Mountbatten at Kandy to hand over his arms and ammunition. Even if his good faith is accepted, it is doubtful whether he has sufficient authority with his army to enable him to fulfil his promise.

Rangoon political circles are agog with rumours of a forthcoming trial of strength, in which, if it materialises, our remaining troops in Burma will be faced with a numerically superior, Japanese trained and equipped, Burmese National Army.

Aung San said yesterday: "We cannot be intimidated by any show of force. We have more than moral courage with which to face any unpleasant situation."

Meanwhile, British military authorities here have just issued a new order demanding surrender of all arms by October 31.

HOW SCIENTISTS SUCCEEDED IN MAKING ATOM BOMB

They Discovered And Used Natural Phenomenon— Bringing Together Splitting Atoms In One Compact Mass

The following is the fourth instalment of the series of articles written by Howard W. Blakeslee, A. P. A. Science Editor, on the Atom Bomb.

Previous instalments appeared in our issues of October 5, 6 and 7.

NEW YORK, (A.P.A.): Man may destroy himself with the atomic bomb, but he cannot destroy the earth. The power to destroy life is plain. But nothing yet reported about the bomb points to a remote possibility of causing solid ground to blow up.

The reasons fall into two main classes: the infinitesimally small amounts of atomic dynamite in each atom and the distribution of these atoms, particularly the explosive kind.

The distribution of the atomic energy, both in different atoms, and the spread of the atoms themselves in the earth, are guarantees against world explosion. In fact, the distribution sounds a bleak note in the prospects for very cheap atomic power.

The earth is composed of 92 kinds of chemical elements, from hydrogen, the lightest in weight, to uranium, the heaviest. Each element is made of atoms. Each atom has a core. In this core is a binding force which has been estimated as about one million times stronger than the force of gravitation.

What is the force the scientists want to get out to produce cheap atomic power, but not all atomic cores are equally endowed. The cores of the lightweight atoms have a little higher charge of this energy than the middle range atoms. But the heavy atoms, such as uranium, have a very much greater store of the force.

To date only the power of heavy, excess-energy atoms, uranium, plutonium, protactinium and thorium have been tapped. All four have so much excess that they split easily.

In tapping this energy of the heavy weights, the scientists have done nothing except to discover and use a natural phenomenon which has been going on for three billion years without harming the earth or its inhabitants.

They have done only the job bringing together enough of these splittig atoms in one compact mass to make a bomb. It appears that even as much as one compact pound of this atomic dynamite, such as a lump or handful, is perfectly safe, bnt a ton of it brought together would be the most dangerous thing in the world.

Uranium, both the common kind and 235, is sparsely distributed there is not enough for a chain reaction, like a chain of powder, to spread in the earth, either to explode or make a fire.

All the other heavy elements that pack the excess force, likewise are thinly distributed. They are also scarce. They cannot be set off in the earth by any kind of atomic fuse because they are too widely scattered.

NO DEFENCE AGAINST ATOM BOMBS

Chicago Scientists Decry Crosby's Project

CHICAGO, Oct. 7. (A.P.A.) Eight American Scientists who worked on the atomic bomb project of the University of Chicago, declared today that they were ready to work at their Laboratory "while Crosby's scientists attempt to explode us."

Their statement was intended to disprove the claim of the Crosby Research Foundation that it had discovered a long distance defence against the atomic bombs.

Larry Crosby, the Crooner's (Bing Crosby) brother and President of the Crosby Research Foundation, claimed on Monday that the new defence technique was so effective that atomic bombs could be detonated without any indication of their exact whereabouts.

The Chicago scientists asserted that there was no defence against the bomb. The Crosby foundation's claim to have discovered such a technique was "as preposterous as the foundation's previous claim to have set off an atmic bomb with a piece of material the size of a pea," they said.

Larry Crosby described as "a little ridiculous" the statement by the Chicago scientists.

"How can they say the defence technique will not work if they do not know what it is?" Crosby asked.

He declined to make any further comment.

PEOPLE'S MOVEMENT IN PALESTINE

(Continued from Page 1.)

Jewish Agency and Jewish concessionnaires as well as the Arab inhabitants.

In their programme, the People's Party lay down as their principle the expropriation of all concessions, the distribution of the larger estates and lands controlled by private companies and the improvement and development of State Domains. They also emphasise their willingness to lend support to the recently published Village Reconstruction Scheme and the Arab Office, both of which are to be financed by the Arab League, and which were drawn up by Musa Effendi Alami, since such schemes coincided with the ideology for "providing the greatest good for the greatest number of people."

FIGHTING FEUDAL INFLUENCES

The document, which is a 14-page account of the reasons and counteractions which should be adopted, urges, 'inter alia', the combatting of all those who have made a truce with imperialism as well as those who fight Imperialism with the object of themselves dominating the people politically, economically and religiously. The party plans to combat family and feudal influences inherited from Turkish times.

Regarding the present Arab political parties, the programme decides to disregard and not to co-operate with their leaders and their members, and fight them in every field of activity, because, it is claimed, these do not truly represent the people, nor are they its spokesmen. It is further laid down, as the basis of action, that members of the new party should establish contact with movements outside of Palestine which possess identical programmes and ideals, and cooperate with them. The People's Party should exploit existing clubs, societies, sports organisations, etc. for propagating its principles and spend efforts at amalgamating those clubs as much as possible to facilitate control over them. Women's societies would also be paid special attention so that the Arab woman should progress socially side by side with her Arab partner.

The programme concludes with the following statement: "The world has been divided into two camps—the people's camp, and the capitalists camp. The latter would not save us, but is retrogressive and should be fought. We should wholeheartedly join the peoples camp against capitalists who are imperialists and exploiters."

THE LEADER

Immediately following upon this disclosure, "Al Wihda", Arabic weekly, published the report that it learned that the Party had offered Musa Alami Bey the presidency of the party but that he had preferred his excuses, and that the person who will fill the chair is a well-known judge in Haifa (presumably Muhammed, effendi Baradi'i). But, "Al Wihda" adds, Musa Alami Bey is in all probability one of the party's founders and conspicuous members.

Other members are: Farid Sa'd; Kamel Abdul Rahman; Dr. Omar Khalil; Hanna Nakkara; Radi Kadri; Sami Taha; Omar S. Bharghuti; Abdul Hamid Yassin; Wadi Tarasi (of the Arab Office); Dr. Radi Qadri; Yusuf Za'balawi; Dr. Salah Anabtawi; Tehsin Kamal; Yehia Hamrudeh; Muhammed 'Amad; Malik Masri; Samir Shamma (of the Arab Office); Yusuf Abu Dabbhah; Dr. Sair Bseiso; Abdul Salam Barghutti; Muhammed Yehia; Elias Kusa; Jamal Hameed; Akram Abdul Rahim; Rasha Shawwa; Hassan Mustafa; Amin Darwish; Khulusi Kheiri (of the Arab Office); Ahmed Shukeiri (of the Arab office).

The rgistered party members hithertoo number 206. There are two versions. "Al Wihda" reports, regarding the time when the party would officially "take the field." One is that it would lie low until its arrangements are complete (which in the publication of a paper), the other fixes October 10 as the date.

It is understood that the Party was first founded on a small scale as far back as 1940, and was a then known as the 'al Quwwa"(the strength) Party, and had then been intimately connected with the Syrian National Party. Contributions by each member of 2 per cent of his income if it did not exceed Rs. 500, and 5 per cent when it exceeded that figure, the paper learns.

JEWS AGAINST ZIONISM

(From Our Correspondent)
JERUSALEM, Sept. 17.

A group of educated young Jews have applied to the Iraqi Ministry of Interior for a permit to set up a Jewish League whose aims are to combat Zionism and its imperialistic designs, reports the Arab News Agency from Baghdad. The application states that Zionism is a danger to the Arabs and to their unity. While preparing to combat it publicly, they did that both as Jews and as Arabs.

The aims of the League, as they appear in its programme, are the combatting of Zionism and the revealing of its designs and activities to the Iraqi people and particularly to the Jewish masses. The founders of the movement have called on the Prime Minister, Hamdi Pasha el Pachachi, the Speaker of the Chamber, the Director-General of Propaganda, and the Director of Ceremonies at the Court and requested their assistance in granting them a permit.

The French authorities have promised the Lebanese Government to restore all funds removed by General Dontz, the French High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief in the Levant during the Vichy regime. The funds consisted of 400,000 gold sovereigns and bonds valued at £1,000,000. They will be handed over in the next few weeks, it is reported by the Arab News Agency from2Beirut.

Eighteen-year-old Salah, son of His Eminence, the Mufti of Jerusalem, has successfully passed his Palestine Matriculation examination, and has joined the al Azhar Moslem Theological University in Cairo, where he plans to enter the Sharia College at that University.

Search Jews For Arms

JERUSALEM, Oct. 7 (A.P.A.) The Palestine Arab Party, formerly known as the Husseini Party, sent a memorandum today to the Palestine Government demanding that Jewish settlements be searched for arms and urging that Jewish military organisation be disbanded.

KING GRANTS AUDIENCE TO CASEY

LONDON, Oct 6 (Reuter).—The Governor of Bengal, Mr. R. G. Casey, was given an audience by the King today.

He Saved His Country From Invasion!

"Subhas Bose Never Intended To Involve India In Actual Warfare"

Would Have Outsted Japs From Burma If Indian Independence Were Assured!

COLOMBO, Oct. 6, (A.P.I.): The opinion that Babu Subhas Chandra Bose was really responsible for the Japanese not launching an invasion of Ceylon and organising a large-scale invasion of India because he never intended to involve India in actual warfare, was expressed by a party of Indian merchants from Hongkong who passed through Colombo.

BLUFFING BRITAIN

It was their conviction that Subhas Babu was playing the game of bluff with the British and hoped that with the threat of invasion, Britain could be forced or persuaded by circumstances to declare India independent.

It it had been done, as he sincerely believed then, according to the merchants, it was on the books of Subhas Babu to turn on the Japanese in Burma and, with the Burmese whom he understood as well as Bengalis, to drive them out of Burma.

In any case, he never contemplated or desired a situation wherein Japanese soldiers would be on Indian soil as an invading army because he had no illusions about the Japanese.

RANGOON HQ.

The merchants said that this was the reason why Subhas Babu insisted on establishing his headquarters in Rangoon and not in the Andamans or Ceylon, either of which would have been a logical and valuable base if a regular invasion of India had been contemplated.

The Indo-Burma frontier gave him an ideal strategic position from which he could put his plans into force of turning ultimately on the Japanese in Burma.

The merchants claimed that they had the benefit of a grandstand view of the entire chessboard of the Far East at Hongkong, whence they could study and learn every move made. They asserted that from all reports they were convinced that Subhas Babu, though sincere in his determination to achieve the freedom of India, was quite opposed to plunging the country into a bloody war, particularly his own beloved Bengal. Once he realised that his bluff did not work with the British, he began to play for time with the Japanese.

DELAYING TACTICS

Time after time, Subhas Babu invented some excuse for delay in throwing his Indian National Army into the fight. Once he pleaded that his troops needed special training and at another time that he needed more arms equipment and planes which, nevertheless, he would not accept as a gift from the Japanese.

On the plea that he had to collect levies from Indians for the campaign he succeeded to a large extent in persuading the Japanese to give Indians a comparatively better treatment during the entire occupation.

Finally, he could not help making a gesture to convince the Japanese of his sincerity by staging a "token" invasion of India but, the merchants opined. Subhas Babu was long before convinced that his bluff had failed with the British Government.

MITIGATING DIFFICULTIES OF INDIANS

When the final invasion had also failed, he pleaded that his Army and equipment were inadequate for a large-scale action and thereafter almost exclusively devoted himself to intervening with the Japanese to mitigate the difficulties of Indians.

As an instance, the merchants related the story that some Indian merchants in Hongkong were sentenced to death by the Japanese Military Tribunal on the trivial charge of refusal to help or collaborate with the Japanese authorities but, in some mysterious manner, at the last minute the execution, which was usually prompt and summary, was stayed and never took place.

This the merchants believed, was due to the intervention of Subhas Babu.

BUT FOR SUBHAS & HIS ARMY

The merchants believed that but for Subhas Babu and his Indian National Army, Indians in Burma would have suffered untold sufferings as in the day immediately following the occupation of Burma and Malaya. His Army played a valuable part in protecting the lives and property of Indians from looting by the Japanese and hostile sections of the local population.

The Merchants said that Mr. Bose's death recently announced by Tokyo was true beyond doubt since they had corroborative information from many independent sources.

IRANIAN T. U. C. DELEGATES ON HUNGER-STRIKE

LONDON, Oct. 6, (U.P.I.): Reports reaching London from Teheran indicate that the Iranian delegates to the World Trade Union Conference now in session in Paris—Mr. Rusta and Mr. Shamide—who have been arrested by the Iranian Authorities went on a hunger-strike on September 28 as a protest against their arrest.

Dr. Nazir Ahmed, Director of Technological Laboratory, Indian Central Cotton Committee, (Centre) who was awarded gold medal and certificate for honorary membership of the Textile Association (India), in recognition of his unique services as its President, at a meeting held at Blavatsky Lodge, Bombay, on Friday, Sir Frederick Stones presiding.

DUTCH IMPERIALISM IN INDONESIA EXPOSED

Political Exiles Call For World Support In Struggle For Freedom

The Committee of Indonesian Political Exiles in Australia have issued the following statement:—

Japanese Fascism has been destroyed. In achieving this victory the Indonesian people have played their part fighting side by side with the peoples of the United Nations.

The Indonesian students in Holland joined the resistance movement and gave their blood in the fight against the German enslavers for the liberation of Holland.

Indonesians who reached Australia including the political exiles joined the army, navy and air force of the Dutch Government to fight side by side with the democracies, many of them giving their lives. Others not suitable for the fighting forces worked to strengthen the war effort.

In Java and all the islands of Indonesia fine, courageous sons and daughters of our motherland shed their blood in the resistance movement against the Japanese occupying forces

Japanese Fascism has now been destroyed, but the question of freedom and independence for the peoples of Indonesia, that which fought for through these years of war and suffering, has not yet been decided. A reimposition of the undemocratic and ruthless Dutch rule over the peoples of Indonesia is not and never will be acceptable to our people.

FORMER DUTCH RULE

Indonesia is a land of 72 million people ad its future prosperity and security is a vital concern to the people of Australia and the Pacific and the future peace and security of the world.

Before the Japanese invasion and after 350 years of Dutch rule three-quarters of the total capital investments in the islands of Indonesia belonged to the Dutch and not to the peoples of Indonesia.

Each year 32,000,000 pounds profit flowed from Indonesia to Holland.

Sixty-one per cent of the total export tonnage was to Holland.

The rates of pay for the Indonesian people who worked for the foreign exploiters ranged from 6d. to 1/- per day of 9 and 10 hours' labour.

According to the Huender Commissioin (a Dutch Government Commission) in 1933 the average income of the Indonesians was 1d. per day.

For long years the Indonesian people have struggled for independence and self-government. Since 1926 over 4,500 Indonesians were jailed and a further 1,360 Communists, Nationalists and Islamic patriots were sent to a concentration camp, the notorious Tanah Merah, 500 miles up the Digoel River in the wilds of Dutch New Guinea, where they were held under the most savage treatment by the Dutch Government.

The former poverty of Indonesia, robbed and exploited by an outside power, if restored would constitute a serious threat to the wage earners of Australia and the world.

A NEW INDONESIA

Only a new Indonesia based on the principles of the Atlantic Charter, the Declarations of Teheran and Yalta can give its full contribution to prosperity, peace and security for all.

We call upon all democratic and progressive peoples throughout the world to assist the Indonesian people in our struggle to win the following elementary human rights:—

1. Indonesia to be immediately constituted an Independent, Sovereign State free to decide her internal and external affairs in peace and harmony with her neighbours.
2. Immediate establishment of parliamentary government on the basis of democratic franchise for all persons over the age of 18 years, irrespective of class, creed or colour.
3. Equal rights and responsibilities for all citizens.
4. Equality for men and women.
5. Freedom of assembly, of religion, of press, of speech and of organisations.
6. Citizenship to be extended to all natural born persons and to all persons resident in Indonesia claiming Indonesian nationality.
7. The abolition of taxation on peasant land and a new deal for the peasants.
8. The right to organise trade unions and the right of strike.

SURVIVOR OF HIROSHIMA EXPLOSION

Jesuit Priest's Account

LONDON, Oct. 4: American and British medical officers now visiting Hiroshima and Nagasaki to calculate the effects of radio-activity have spent hours examining Wilhelm Kleinshorge, a Jesuit priest of 39, who is the only living man to have been within 500 yards of an atomic bomb explosion, writes Lachie MacDonald in "Daily Mail."

He was wearing only a shirt, shorts and shoes at the time. He is today one of the world's medical curiosities. His case will be studied for years by scientists and doctors. The last complete physical and mental examination of Kleinshorge ended in Tokyo last Saturday (September 29) when doctors said that he was making good recovery and should not suffer any after effects.

Kleinshorge remembers a vivid flash and the presbytery dancing crazily and then he found himself on the ground with his shoes blown off but apparently uninjured—except for tiny scratches and bruises. He owes his life to an English nun, Mother Mary Haass, who was born in Newport (Monmouth), qualified as a doctor and came to Japan 14 years ago as the Medical Superintendent of a Catholic Hospital in Seibo Boyan in Western Tokyo.

Kleinshorge told me: "I was so weak and suffering such high fever that I could not walk after I reached Mother Haass in Tokyo."

Mother Haass said: "He reeled and tottered like a drunken man. His face was quite bloodless. I could not risk giving him blood transfusion, because a check showed that white corpuscles in his blood were at a dangerously low level."

So Kleinshorge was put to bed where the simple age-old treatment of rest, good food and skilled attention gradually restored him to life.

Kleinshorge explained that the reason for his tattered feet was that he walked for hours after the explosion over the ruins of Hiroshima dragging people from beneath the wreckage of their houses before the roaring flames could reach them. He was bare-footed.

He said: "My room had a very small window which was probably the reason why I was not terribly burned."

With three other priests, all injured and bleeding, Kleinshorge reached the comparative safety of Parklands where they sheltered beneath the blasted pine trees. That afternoon a great whirlwind developed into a new threat. It whipped up dust and rubbish until the sky was black, uprooted pine trees and blew the people into the river where they were drowned.

Kleinshorge stayed in Hiroshima working among the human wreckage for one month after the explosion. Although he felt well and strong for the first few weeks he was dangerously ill by September 7. So he was evacuated to Kobe and thence to Tokyo.

Kleinshorge said: "It is all right now but I have dreams. There is always a great blue flash, flames and dark raging winds. It is hard to forget the cries of people in the first stillness after the explosion or the awful sight of about 20 Japanese soldiers clinging together at the roadside and crying. They had all been blinded."

U. S. CRUISERS IN CHINESE REDS' PORT

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 7 (A.P.A.): The National Broadcasting System's Correspondent aboard Vice-Admiral Daniel E. Barney's flagship reports that five U. S. cruisers arrived today in Chefoo harbour in the Gulf of Chihli, the only Communist-held port in China. The cruisers have arrived to survey what the correspondent described as a "ticklish situation."

Abbas Ali Indicts High Commissioner

LONDON, Oct. 6 (U.P.A.): Abbas Ali, President of the All-India Muslim Association here, today declared that the recent alleged mistreatment of Indian students aboard a ship en route to England had "created almost a sensation in Indian circles here," reports the United Press of America.

Abbas Ali said that the alleged incident only tended to heighten the resentment of Indians towards the treatment generally accorded Indian students who have come to Britain recently.

He said, "Nobody cared to look after them. The High Commissioner who is supposed to be responsible for the welfare of students here is supremely indifferent to their needs and requirements."

Abbas Ali urged that the Government of India instruct the High Commissioner of the situation among the Indian students resident in Britain.

Report To Govt. On Gujarat Floods

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 5.

After a tour of the flood stricken areas of Gujarat, the Commissioner of the Northern Division has prepared a comprehensive report and forwarded it to the Bombay Government for necessary relief measures.

Surat and Broach districts are the worst sufferers. Nabipur has suffered damage estimated at about Rs. 1,00,000.

The whole report is a pathetic tale of terrible havoc. The Government have already started relief work, according to preliminary reports.

MORE DETAILS OF DAMAGE

Further details sent by our Surat correspondent refer to the loss of several thousand maunds of corn and wood in Godawari. Three persons and a number of live stock were drowned. Thirteen persons saved themselves by sitting on treetops until they were rescued. Several houses collapsed.

Corn and cotton worth thousands of rupees perished in Olphad.

Reports regarding Delhi village near Kim which was supposed to have been submerged, are found to be baseless.

LAWSON BACK HOME

LONDON, October 6 (Reuter).—The Secretary for War, Mr. J. J. Lawson, arrived at an airport near here today.

GERMANY GOES LEFT

LONDON, Oct. 7, (Reuter): An important shift to the Left is taking place in German politiics in all zones of occupation, reports the Berlin correspondent of the Sunday newspaper "Observer". It will become even stronger within the next few weeks.

LAND TO PEASANTS

As a result of land reform most important changes in the social structure of Germany are taking place in the Russian zone, where Junkers and other landlords owning more than 250 acres are being dispossessed. Total acreage taken from the Junkers is 6,250,000. Of this, 2,250,000 acres are large estates which will not be shared among peasants, but run either by the State or by co-operative organisations. The remaining 4,00,000 acres are being distributed to peasants. The maximum which a peasant family is to receive is 20 acres.

An even more drastic step has now been taken in industry.

German administration for Soviet occupied Saxony and Thuringia have now decreed nationalisation of coal mines, potash mines and the film industry. A campaign for nationalisation of other industries has grown with great strength in the last few days. Demands for nationalisation has been raised at the Conference of Metal Workers' Union in Berlin.

Asaf Ali's Reply To Barkat Ali

"As Indian Muslim It Is My Proud Privilege To Claim Whole Of India As My Country"

NEW DELHI, October 6 (O.P.I.): "As a matter of fact historically, ethnically, religiously and linguistically, India has been a multi-racial, multi-religious and multi-linguistic entity with a very rich culture to which different nationalities and races have contributed their best" observed Mr. Asaf Ali, a member of the Congress Working Committee in a statement to the "Orient Press", replying to Malik Barkat Ali's refutation of his previous interview to "Orient Press". "Today the political pressure of world events no less than the economic urge of the masses, is welding and it is bound to weld the whole of India into one political unit. Those who want to shut their eyes to this fact are only postponing the day of their own salvation. In a politically Federal India, every community shall be guaranteed, fully, its cultural need and economic development; in so far as profession and practice of religion is concerned, every community shall have the fullest freedom and these are the essentials of a political nation. The U.S.A. and U.S.S.R. are eminent examples bsfore our eyes."

Referring to Malik Barkat Ali's quoting of the definition of a nation from Renaun, it was observed: "Nobody can convince those who will not be convinced. I don't go by definition provided by others in respect of conditions prevailing in other parts of the world, but I see things with my own eyes and interpret them in the light of history as I see it developing and the inevitable community of political and material interests which tend to create Indian Nationality.

NATIONALIST MUSLIMS

"I regret that Malik Barkat Ali, an old friend of mine, thought fit to refer the incarceration of Muslim nationalists as cheap jail-going. If he were to examine the life-long services and sacrifices of Muslim Nationalists in the cause of the country and the Muslim community, he won't find it easy to repeat his jibe without a sting to his conscience. He forgets that many of them have staked their lives in the twin cause of India's and Islam's freedom. Malik knows the history of the League as well; he also knows why Muslim Nationalists, who have had the courage of conviction to face every situation, even the anger of some of their own co-religionists since the days of Khilafat, had to stay away from the League when it resumed its reactionary policies from which it had been weaned during the Khilafat Movement. The vital issues for the entire Muslim community at this critical juncture in the political life of India, are at stake, and only calm deliberation and not controversies for the honour of debate should be the method of approach.

"Malik has referred to Bhai Parmanand. May I remind him that the Muslim League is doing exactly what Bhai Parmanand had suggested in his autobiography, viz. that Muslims should be pinned into a corner of India and excluded from the rest of the country. But, as an Indian Muslim, it is my proud privilege to claim the whole of India as my country.

VAGUE DEFINITION

"So far as the problem of the definition of Pakistan is concerned even Malik has not gone beyond sweet vagueness. Even on the basis of self-determination, it is the inhabitants of the proposed Pakistan area and not outsiders who have determined their destiny and therefore, by resistent begging, the question of asking others to accept the proposition in advance is entirely beside the point.

"We have to consider the question of Pakistan against the background of the world's political development. From the last world conflict 4 great powers have emerged who are in a position to influence the shape of things to come to a much larger extent than the remaining 50 small nations who will virtually be waiting at the sweet will of the big ones. In Asia, apart from Russia and China, India as a whole is the only country which stands the chance of becoming a big owner. But if the so-called Pakistan states separate themselves from the Indian Federation as autonomous states they would only add two more to the other fifty small countries and nations without any effective voice in the International Councils. On the other if they remain united, they can pull their weight in the world and also prove a blessing to over three hundred million Muslims of the world."

"CHRONICLE" OFFERS RS. 2,000

For Best Pherozeshah Mehta Memorial Essays

1. To commemorate the birth centenary of Sir Pherozeshah Mehta the Proprietors of the "Bombay Chronicle" have decided to offer Rs. 1,000/- each to the writers of the best essays on the following two subjects.

2. This competition is open to all (inhabitants of India), irrespective of age, sex or creed.

3. Every essay submitted for this competition must be in English, not exceeding 7,000 words in length.

4. Every competitor shall send two copies of his essay not later than the 1st November 1945. In no circumstances shall this time limit be extended. Every effort shall be made to judge the essays and announce the decision as soon as possible.

5. Together with the copies of the essay, the author must forward a certificate stating that the essay is his or her own 'bona fide' work.

6. No essay shall be signed, or bear in any part any name, mark, or other indications by which its writer can be identified. For purposes of identification, every essay shall be signed by some 'nom-de-plume', or motto. The copy of the essay shall be forwarded to the Editor of the "Bombay Chronicle" in a sealed envelope which shall also contain the writer's name and address and the 'nom-de-plume' or motto (enclosed in another sealed envelope) under which the essay has been submitted.

7. The Editor of the "Bombay Chronicle" shall be the sole judge of the relative merits of the essays submitted in competition: and his award shall be final.

8. The "Bombay Chronicle" will have the copyright in the essay purchased by it for the price of Rs. 1,000/-; and the essay may be published at the discretion of the Editor in the "Bombay Chronicle" (as well as if translated into Gujarati, in the "Bombay Samachar." The translation shall be made at their own cost by the "Bombay Chronicle" Company).

9. The "Bombay Chronicle" also reserves the right to publish any other essays received in this competition, if deemed suitable for that purpose, provided that, in each such case, payment shall be made to the author at such rates as the Proprietors or the "Bombay Chronicle" may decide.

10. The subjects for the competition are: in two classes: civic and political. Subject to the above rules, every competitor is free to write on either, or both of these subjects:

(1) CIVICS—WHAT MAKES YOUR CITY WORTH LIVING IN AND HOW TO MAKE IT WORTH LIVING IN.

(2) POLITICS—THE COMMUNAL PROBLEM AND ITS SOLUTION.

SECURITY LEAGUE'S PRESS POLICY

"Open Coverage Of All Plenary Sessions"

LONDON, Oct. 6 (A.P.A.): A Press policy, calling for open coverage of all plenary sessions of the United Nations World Security League's first general assembly was laid down today by the organisation's executive.

The same rule will apply to meetings of the League's preparatory commission which is scheduled to open here on Nov. 8.

The Assembly itself will be held in early December if the preparatory commission completes its work in time.

The executive committee recommended also the creation of an information staff to aid in Press coverage of the League's activities.

Exploiters To Monopolise "Trusteeship Committee"

LONDON, Oct. 6 (A.P.A.): The early creation of a temporary "Trusteeship" Committee to serve until the establishment of a permanent body for the supervision of International territories was recommended today by the United Nations World Security League's Committee.

Under the proposal the membership would include the big five powers, Australia, Belgium, New Zealand and South Africa "and any other states to whom there may be allocated administration of territories detached from enemy states as a result of the second world war."

This would be expanded later to give equal representation between administering and non-administering members. The Sub-Committee, which drafted the plan, suggested the inclusion of the Netherlands.

90 ACQUITTED OF RIOTING CHARGE

KHULNA, Oct. 7 (A.P.I.): Ninety Namasudras (Depressed Class Hindus) of this district, charged with loot, arson and murder in connection with a communal riot which broke out in April last year, have all been acquitted by Mr. B. Mukherjee, Special Judge, who tried the case with the help of assessors.

WORLD LABOUR AGAINST FRANCO

Spirited Plea By Spanish Delegate

PARIS, Oct. 6 (A.P.A.): The Latin American bloc launched a last-day fight today before the world Trade Union Federation for recognition of the Spanish Republican government in Mexico and even stronger action against Franco's Spain, than the mere severance of diplomatic relations.

Angel Cofino of Cuba urged a workers' boycott of Franco's regime and said that the "legally constituted Spanish Government in Mexico needs the support of the other governments of the world."

Pascuel Thomas of the Spanish Trade Union in France urged the democratic nations "not to leave us alone as you did in 1936" and asserted that "the Republic is not dead—its President and Parliament still exist."

Enrique Rodrigues of Uruguay told the Federation that the Argentine workers' delegation to the conference had been held up "so that they might not reach Paris until tomorrow—too late to put their views before the Federation."

He said the people would soon overthrow the Argentine Fascist regime.

Citrine Elected President

PARIS, Oct. 6 (U.P.A.): Sir Walter Citrine was elected President of the World Trade Unions Federation by the Executive Committee today. Louis Sallant was elected General Secretary.

In addition, the following Vice-Presidents were elected: Leon Jouhaux of France, Sidney Hillman of the United States, V. V. Kuznetror of Russia, H. F. Chu of China, Giuseppi di Vittorio of Italy, Evert Kuppers of the Netherlands and Vincent Toledano of Latin America.

The Executive Committee elections were unanimous.

The delegates' meeting Monday morning will probably wind up the present Congress which has already exhausted the expense accounts of several delegations.

War stopped Britain's supply of automobiles, but research carried on. British motor manufacturers now re-enter the world's markets with a range of vehicles of matchless design. When they arrive, be sure and see the cars Britain proudly presents to the Empire.

THE MOTOR INDUSTRY OF GREAT BRITAIN

AUTOMOBILES • TRUCKS • BUSES

Palestine Situation Heads For Crisis

Patrols Open Fire On Illegal Jew Immigrants

JERUSALEM, October 6. (Reuter): Seven persons are in hospital as a result of incidents at the Jewish frontier village of Kfar Giladi this afternoon.

A party, stated to number several score, of illegal Jewish immigrants earlier crossed the border from Syria into Palestine and entered the village. Patrols of the Trans-Jordan Frontier Force surrounded the village and later police officers asked the villagers to give an undertaking that the illegal immigrants would remain in the village until the matter was discussed with Jewish institutions in Jerusalem.

The undertaking was given, but the patrols remained on the spot.

This afternoon a party of Jewish settlers from a nearby village in the hills came down the hillside on a visit. As they approached, the patrols are alleged to have opened fire. Considerable excitement is stated to prevail among the Jewish villages in this area.

CAUSE OF TROUBLE

JERUSALEM, Oct. 6 (Reuter): The Transjordan frontier force had placed a cordon round the settlement which was reached today by 70 illegal immigrants who were intercepted near Kfar Giladi. The cordon was attacked this afternoon with sticks by settlers from the neighbouring village of Tel Hai who attempted to disarm the Frontier Force men, says a 'communique'. "Men of the cordon opened fire wounding seven Jews, one seriously.

The attackers were allowed to enter Kfar Giladi taking their wounded with them and there was no further incidents. At 5 p.m., the cordon was redrawn and the situation is now quiet"

ARAB CALL TO JINNAH

JERUSALEM, Oct. 5. (A.P.A.): The Executive Committee of the "Palestine Arab" Party has cabled to M. A. Jinnah, President of the Muslim League, and other Moslem leaders in India appealing for support of the Palestine Arabs in their struggle against Zionist policies.

Sir Muhammed Zaffrulla Khan, Indian Muslim leader and a member of the Federal Court at New Delhi, is at present visiting Palestine and has contacted various Arab and Jewish leaders to collect information on the situation.

The recently arrived units of the British sixth airborne division staged a parade through the streets of Tel Aviv yesterday.

HUBLI, Oct. 7 (A.P.I.): Mr. C. J. Ambli, General Secretary, Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee, announces that the head office of the Provincial Committee has been opened at Dharwar.

MINISTRY OF INFORMATION IN NEW GARB

LONDON, Oct. 6 (Reuter): The British Government has decided to abolish the Ministry of Information as a separate Ministry, but will be continuing separate departments in a reduced form, according to the "News Chronicle".

Two of the departments almost certain to stay are, the British Information Service in the United States and that dealing with overseas propaganda.

INDIAN CHEMICAL MISSION FOR U.K.

BOMBAY, Oct. 5. (A.P.A.): A delegation representing India's chemical manufacturing industry will sail to-morrow for London and New York hopeful that its trip will relieve the present acute shortage of chemical products in this country.

Doctor K. A. Hamied of Bombay is Chairman of the Delegation from the Indian Chemical Manufacturers' Association. Other members are Mr. L. Gupta from the Punjab; Mr. S. P. Sen, Doctor B. C. Das and Mr. M. Hanif from Bengal and Mr. R. B. Amin from Baroda.

Their trip will take them to London on October 27, and to New York on November 10, where they will confer with leaders of the chemical manufacturing industries of both countries.

Doctor Hamied said his group was looking forward to arrangements which would stimulate the Indian chemical manufacturing industry as well as bring in a more adequate supply of imports.

The shortage in India has been intensified by the shutting off of previous supply sources in Germany.

KABELL TO SUCCEED JENKINS

SIMLA, Oct. 5. (A.P.I.): It is learnt in Simla that Mr. G. E. B. Kabell, at present Deputy Private Secretary to the Viceroy, is likely to succeed Sir Evan Jenkins as Private Secretary to the Viceroy.

Education On Non-Sectarian Basis

Travancore Dewan's Reply To Protest Of Catholics

NEW DELHI, Oct. 6. (A.P.A.): Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyer, Dewan of Travancore, told a representative of the Associated Press of America in an interview that "the Government of Travancore is determined to proceed ahead with its programme of free and compulsory "education" as planned and would not include religious educational courses which he said were demanded by Catholics.

He said Travancore has an outstanding percentage of literacy, and is embarking now on a 10-year programme of expanding its educational facilities in the hope of improving this record.

"I grant that religious and ethical education is highly important," he said, "but it is the duty of each community to give such education either at home or through well organised agencies functioning outside of school hours. Excellent schools of this description are being conducted in Travancore."

He said experience in the United States has proved the value of conducting public schools on a non-sectarian and educationally efficient basis.

LEGISLATURES' SUPPORT.

Even before post-war reconstruction schemes were formulated, the Travancore State had decided on free and compulsory education throughout its territory, he continued, and the exigencies of war and post-war development further emphasised the need for such a step.

Two houses of legislature of the state voted in favour of the Government taking over full control of primary education and paying for it entirely, he said. Government accepted this decision and a 10-year programme of free and compulsory primary education has been planned. A beginning is to be made in the towns of Trivandrum and Kottayam and the rural area surrounding Nagerkoil.

The decision of the State, although in reality very simple, has led to a clouding issues and irrelevant controversy, Sir C. P. asserted.

CATHOLICS' OBJECTION.

Hindus, Muslims, and generally speaking, Protestant Christians in the main have approved of and are co-operating with the resolution of the State's legislature, he said. b objection has been raised mainly on the part of the Catholics who claim that according to their faith religious education is a primary and indispensable part of education and all branches of learning must be imparted with the background of the Catholic tenets.

The Travancore Government, Sir C. P. Ramaswami stated, do not propose to prevent the Catholics from establishing their own schools and, subject to the maintenance of the standards of primary education, imparting religious or other instruction in their own way to their own pupils.

The majority of students in most of the schools in the State, including those run by the Catholics, are, however, Hindus, Muslims and Christians belonging to non-Catholic persuasions.

Sir C. P. said. Catholic education cannot be imparted to them. and Government have throughout insisted that religious instruction, if given at all should be given out of school hours and only to pupils belonging to their faith.

What the Catholics now demand, Sir Ramaswami added, is that although Government have taken up the responsibility of giving free and compulsory education to all the inhabitants of the State, the Catholics are entitled to run schools with the main objective of the religious education of the followers of their faith and still be entitled to receive educational grants from the State. This, the dewan said. meant that the State will have to pay for, practically, the entire maintenance of those schools. If such a request were granted, obviously Hindus, Muslims, Protestants and Jacobite Syrians would be justified in demanding similar concessions and the ideal which, the Government have undertaken can only be imperfectly fulfilled.

NO RELIGION IN DANGER.

"There is no question," Sir Ramaswami said, "of religion being in danger or of any persecution being attempted by the Travancore Government. The Catholic demand meant that they should be allowed to run schools according to their tenets and that they must receive full grants for so doing from the State. The State is under an obligation to conduct schools on a non-sectarian and educationally efficient basis and is prepared to discharge that obligation, leaving it open for the parents and the clergy to impart ethical and religious instruction to their charges by way of supplementing the Government curriculum.

"I need hardly add that the system is by no means novel and has been adopted in many countries including America and quite recently Ceylon, too, has come to the same conclusion after an exhaustive enquiry.

"One unforeseen development of the controversy now going on has been the proposition recently enunciated by the Archbishop of Madras and reinforced by other Catholic authorities that instruction even in non-religious subjects should, in Catholic schools, have a religious bias, that is, in the Catholic background. If this argument is seriously put forward, then it means that non-Catholic students in every Catholic school are subjected to the process of conscious or sub-conscious infiltration of Catholic ideas even in the teaching of non-religious subjects.

"To postulate such a proposition is also to furnish its answer which is that such a programme would not be in the interests of communities not following the Catholic tenets.

"Having regard to these considerations, the State is determined to proceed with its programme which has been arrived at after the most careful balancing of the pros and cons", concluded Sir Ramaswami.

"Daily Gazette" Incident

Editor's Protest To Army Authorities

KARACHI, Oct. 6. (A.P.I.): A party of British soldiers headed by a Major entered the office of the "Daily Gazette" in the early hours of Friday morning and protested to the Sub-Editor on duty against the publication of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's statement characterising Britain as second rate naval power now. It is stated that the party further demanded an undertaking that the paper should publish only such news as the military would like. The Sub-Editor maintained that the views of Pandit Nehru had been supported by no less a person than Mr. Harold Laski.

The party walked away after snatching news copies coming out of the teleprinter.

Military police were called in, and they traced the members of the party.

It is stated that they will be tried before a Court Martial.

The Editor has lodged a protest to the Area Commander, Karachi, against "this kind of act by individual army officers against such a distinguished personality as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru".

One of the senior officers is said to have been deputed by the Area Commander to express regret on behalf of the army for the incident to the Editor of the "Daily Gazette".

Mr. M. S. M. Sharma, Editor of the "Daily Gazette", declined to say anything about the incident.

Br. Army Men Rounded Up

KARACHI, October 6 (U.P.I.)—The military police rounded up the British Army personnel who entered a local newspaper office on Friday morning. They are in the military lock-up.

CAUGHT RED-HANDED

It is reported that soon after the incident the military police organised a chase and found tommies in the adjoining street reading aloud news sheets which they took from the newspaper office.

Egypt Abolishes Cotton Export Tax

CAIRO, Oct. 7 (U.P.A.): The Egyptian cotton export tax of P.T. 20 a kanter was abolished by the Council of Ministers on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance.

BRITISH SHIPPING POLICY UNDER FIRE

Ambica Spokesman Says Foreign Vessels Will Be Used Under Indian Flags

LONDON, Oct. 5. (Reuter): Because the British Government will not allow the transfer of flag in the case of British cargo vessels needed by India to ply her coastal routes, Indian companies are seeking foreign ships to operate this traffic under the Indian flag, said Mr. Vijaysingh Govindji of the Ambica Steam Navigation Company in an interview today, cables Ronald G. Bedford, "Reuter's" special correspondent.

"Indian shipping is facing a crisis unless obsolete vessels can be replaced and new tonnage acquired," he added. "I have talked with British shipowners who are anxious to sell the ships I require at a reasonable price, but the policy laid down by His Majesty's Government will not allow the transfer of flag".

Mr. Govindji said he had been trying two months to persuade the British authorities to change their mind but without success. "I am willing to stay here another month in an attempt to achieve success," he continued. The ships urgently required for coastal trade are vessels between 1,000 and 3,000 tons.

REPLACEMENT.

"The end of the war means expansion of the Indian shipping trade and we must have ships to replace those lost during the war and those still getting obsolete.

"I have completed negotiations for the purchase of one Norwegian, vessel. In addition to the Norwegians, the Canadian, American, Dutch and Swedish lines are anxious to sell the tonnage but their prices are far in excess of those asked by British firms. Unless the British Government's attitude alters, a lot of money is going to be spent by Indian shipping companies outside the United Kingdom".

Govindji said there were good prospects for orders from India for new ships and if a new policy was formulated these could be placed in Britain.

The ships which India is seeking to acquire would be used mainly for the transport of essential cargoes. Mr. Govindji added, such as foodstuffs and clothing.

"An official of the Ministry of Transport, which controls all ships flying the British flag, explained the attitude regarding the transfer of flag. "There is a general restriction prohibiting the sale of any ship flying the British flag to any nation including the Dominions and Colonies," he told me. "The reason for this embargo is the serious shortage of shipping in this country. Losses at sea during the war have not been balanced by new building and we have to keep strict control on all tonnage in our possession".

"Britain Will Say 'No' To Washington"

U. S. Proposal To Drop Empire Preferences And Scale Down Sterling Debts

LONDON, Oct. 6 (Reuter).—Under the banner headline: "Britain Will Say 'No' to Washington", the Labour "Daily Herald" publishes a despatch from its political correspondent saying that while an official communication from the United States Government on the reported demand that Imperial Preference must cease as the price of financial assistance is still awaited, it is definite that the British Government even at the expense of losing a financial agreement is not prepared "to sacrifice measures of mutual advantage to this country and the Dominions."

ed to submit to an attempt to bludgeon the British Commonwealth into acceptance of conditions dictated on a one-sided basis.

"At the same time the Government does not seek to maintain the British Empire as an exclusive bloc It wants all resources of the British area of the world to be made available to all nations on an equitable basis."

Delayed Upto March Next

WASHINGTON, October 6 (Reuter).—The need for full inter-Empire consultations and necessary United States Congressional approval may well delay the complete trade and financial agreement until next March, it was learned in quarters close to the British delegation today.

As a result of the American insistence that the Empire Trade Preference system be abolished the countries concerned are already being sounded about their views upon an early Imperial Conference to be held probably in Ottawa in January.

Canada has already announced herself ready for such a conference, it is understood.

U.S. OFFER TO BRITAIN

The delivery of the complete American trade and financial proposals is expected in the next few days. They would offer Britain a loan of up to 5,000 million dollars (1,660 crore of rupees) at a low rate of interest but insisting that Empire Preference be wiped out and the Sterling Bloc balances drastically reduced.

LIKELY BR. REPLY

The British reply is expected to be:

First that the offer of the financial aid is greatly appreciated and highly acceptable;

Secondly, that dissolution of the Empire Preference system cannot be discussed without comparable American concessions in the way of tariffs, exchange quotas and subsidies, and

Thirdly, the future of Empire Preference and the Sterling Balances cannot be decided unilaterally by Britain but must be reduced—if at all—by joint consultation.

It is possible, but somewhat improbable, that the American Government will agree to make a loan on the British promise to consult the Dominions.

Congressional approval on the basis of such a guarantee, however, is very unlikely.

****

WANT OF CLOTH LEADS TO SUICIDE ATTEMPT

CALCUTTA, October 7. (A.P.I.)—Failing to secure a permit (for buying cloth for his mother,) a young man of Chinsurah in Hooghly District Ratan Sadhukhan attempted to commit suicide. The local magistrate let him off with a warning.

****

KISAN MARCH FOR CLOTH

KRISHNAGAR, (Nadia), October 7 (A.P.I.)—Three thousand Kisans, who arrived in batches from twelve unions of the Sadar Sub-Division of Nadia, paraded the principal streets of the town last Wednesday demanding cloth. Later, they went to the court and submitted to the Sub-Divisional Office a memorandum outlining their demands.

The officer promised to do his best to meet their demands.

BLACK FLAGS FOR "C. R."

BANGALORE, Oct. 6 (A. P. I.): Mr. C. Rajagopalachari arrived in Bangalore this morning. As the mail train from Madras steamed into the Cantonment station cries of "Down Rajaji's anti-Hindu Politics" were raised by a group of black-flag demonstrators representing Bangalore Hindu Students' Federation.

As soon as he detrained the demonstrators rushed to the place where Mr. C. Rajagopalachari stood but their progress was checked by Congress volunteers who hustled Mr. Rajagopalachari out of the crowd on the platform.

Outside the station near car park there was an altercation between some Congress volunteers and demonstrators, but further trouble was averted by the arrival of more Congress volunteers and police constables.

KARACHI QUOTATIONS

KARACHI, Oct. 6.

Cotton Ready Sind Deal 39 Punjab Deal 25 Sind Nt 44/12 Four F 38/12 January 43/11 March 43/6 markedclosed steady all days highest. Arrivals 1116 Bales Silver Tuesday Arrivals 1116 Bales Silver Tuesday Down aground selling induced by lowe Bombay advices.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c	74
Consols 2-1/2 p c	38-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	105-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c	104-11/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	113-7/16
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-3/8
Chartered Bank of I A. and China	11-13/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Beg).	92
National Bank of India	48-1/2

TWELVE COMMUNISTS QUIT U. P. CONGRESS

LUCKNOW, Oct. 7 (A.P.I.)—Forestalling their expulsion from the U.P. Provincial Congress Committee, twelve Communists tendered their resignation from primary membership of the Indian National Congress as well as membership of the Provincial Congress Committee. Their resignations were announced at yesterday's meeting of the U.P.P.C.C. by Mr. Srikrishna Dutta Paliwal.

The Communists in their resignations declared their faith in the need for building Congress-League Communist unity and said that they would ardently labour for creating "good, fraternal Congress-Communist relations in the service our common people."

AZAD'S TIME-TABLE

LAHORE, Oct. 6 (A.P.I.): Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, is leaving Lahore on Monday, October 8, at 4-10 p.m. by air, reaching Delhi the same evening at 6-15 p.m.

The Congress President will spend the night at Delhi and leave for Calcutta on the morning of October 9 by a National Airways plane, reaching Calcutta at noon.

The Congress President spent most of the day interviewing individuals and receiving deputations. In the morning he met Lala Bhim Sen Sachar, leader of the Punjab Assembly Congress Party. He also met Maulana Daood Ghaznavi, President of the Punjab Congress, Dr. Gopichand Bhargava and Diwan Chaman Lal.

Later the Congress President received a deputation of Sikhs and Congress women workers.

Diwan Bhanju Ram Gandhi, the Frontier Minister, also had an interview with him.

WANTED MORE SUITABLE EDITIONS OF QURAN

The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, was given a reception to-day by Sheikh Enayatullah, of the Taj Company, one of the leading publishers in the country of the various editions of the Holy Quran.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in reply to the welcome paid a tribute to the Taj Publishers for their work in publishing modern editions of the Quran in such sufficient manner. He said that in view of the fast and rapidly changing conditions of the modern world and in view of the ever new needs of the present times some more suitable editions of the Quran were needed to meet the requirements of the present age.

MALAVIYA SUPPORTS TRAVANCORE ACTION

NEW DELHI, Oct. 7 (A. P. I.): Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya in a statement says: "I have been informed that the management of more than two thousand primary schools of the Travancore State was for some time entrusted to Christian Missionaries, and that out of 15 lakhs spent for primary education in the State, about ten lakhs were given to the missionaries per year for maintaining those schools. This was obviously unfair to non-Christians.

"It is the duty of the State to undertake the education of its children itself and not to entrust this task to any private body, particularly to one of a proselytizing nature. His Highness the Maharaja Saheb of Travancore and the Dewan Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyer, have earned the gratitude of the public by taking over the management of the primary schools under the direct control of the State. I congratulate them on rectifying the mistake of the Travancore Darbar There is no justification for the agitation which has been carried on by the Christians, chiefly of the Roman Catholic section, against this wise and just decision of the Travancore State."

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(4) Mr. BISWANATH DAS. M.A., B.L., M.L.A., Ex-Chief Minister, Orissa.
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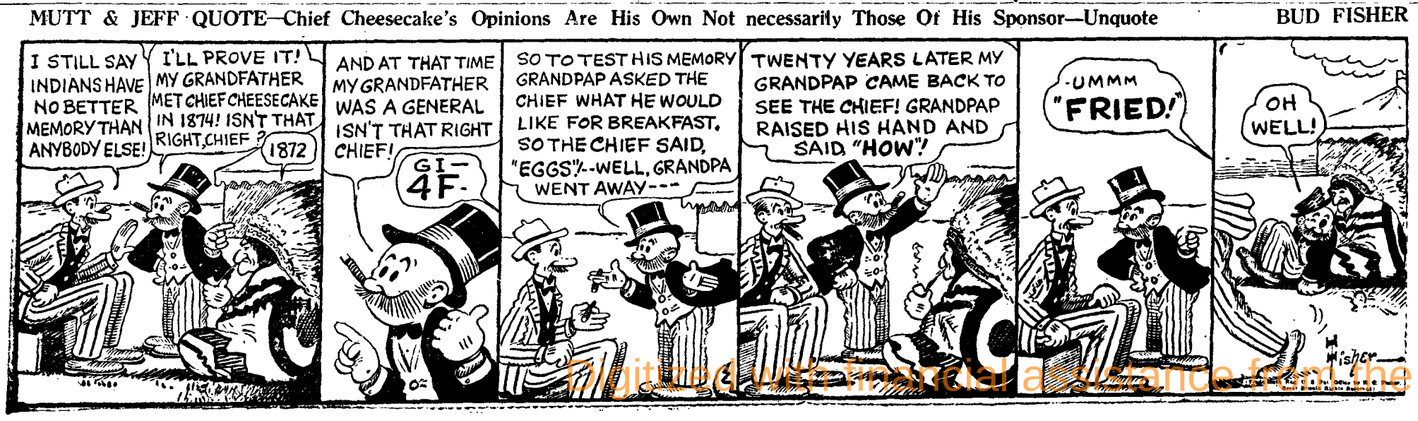
KARACHI: Messrs. Doongursee & Sons, Bombay Bazar, Javji Velji Kothari, Esq. Marriot Road
MADRAS Messrs. Oriental Mercantile Agency, 99 A. Armenian Street.

MUTT & JEFF QUOTE—Chief Cheesecake's Opinions Are His Own Not necessarily Those Of His Sponsor—Unquote BUD FISHER


I STILL SAY INDIANS HAVE NO BETTER MEMORY THAN ANYBODY ELSE!
I'LL PROVE IT! MY GRANDFATHER MET CHIEF CHEESECAKE IN 1874! ISN'T THAT RIGHT, CHIEF?
1872
AND AT THAT TIME MY GRANDFATHER WAS A GENERAL ISN'T THAT RIGHT CHIEF!
GI-4F-
SO TO TEST HIS MEMORY GRANDPAP ASKED THE CHIEF WHAT HE WOULD LIKE FOR BREAKFAST, SO THE CHIEF SAID, "EGGS"--WELL, GRANDPA WENT AWAY---
TWENTY YEARS LATER MY GRANDPAP CAME BACK TO SEE THE CHIEF! GRANDPAP RAISED HIS HAND AND SAID, "HOW"!
-UMMM "FRIED!"
OH WELL!
Wisher

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To "Well-Wisher"—Please see me with all the evidence regarding your two letters, or send your evidence at my Office Address or at my residence 583, Bhivandiwalla House, Girgaum Road. I promise your identity will be kept a close secret. (9572)

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Lost Bombay Nursing Council Midwifery certificate No. D|3104, Finder please communicate to Indirabai Alekar c|o Nursing Council, Old Custom House, Bombay. (9586)

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Saraswat Spinster or widow middle-aged for matrimony by a Saraswat Doctor. Correspondence treated strictly confidential. Apply Box No. 9553, "Bombay Chronicle"

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Wanted for the Power House of a 1,200 tons Sugar Factory in U.P., a qualified and experienced Assistant Electrical Engineer. Apply with full particulars and terms expected to Box No. 5073, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted, Graduate for established Insurance Company for organising Department on Rs. 75. Fixed salary and permanent post. Apply The Argus Insurance Co., Ltd. 16, Apollo Market, Fort, Bombay. (9590)

Wanted Steno-Typist, either sex, full time or part time, with knowledge of accounts. Apply Box No. 9545, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted urgently a B.Sc. with experience in analysis of Non-Ferrous Metals. Apply Box No. 9540, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately at Parel, a First Class Electrical Supervisor (P. & D.) preferably with experience. Salary Rs. 120-10-250 p. m. and Provident Fund. Apply Box No. 5044, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Applications are invited from influential and experienced persons for the post of Branch Secretary at Ahmedabad by a sound Insurance Company of more than fifty years' standing. Apply Box No. 5045, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Shorthand Typist. Apply stating experience, speed and salary required to Box No. 9576, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Copyholders on Salary of Rs. 50 plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8 as. Minimum qualification Matriculation. Apply with Certificate to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

Required a Clerk, experienced in Cotton line by an Importing and Exporting firm, knowing accountancy and correspondence. Apply Box No. 9575, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Experienced Accountant and all round independent correspondent seeks responsible position. Apply Box No. 9577, "Bombay Chronicle".

GODOWN WANTED

Wanted a Good Godown to accommodate cotton bales between 500 and 1000 near Kalbadevi locality. 9549

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—October Batch—Davar's College of Commerce—A Special batch is being enrolled this session for all Professional Diploma Courses of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, and General Commerce, Education personal or postal, 51 Esplanade Road. (9582)

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Tonsils: Avoid Operation, Sweet remedy Certified by Rajas and Noblemen, confirmed by Medical Opinion Kent Chemicals, Pudukottah (S. I.). (9351)

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Book your Advertisements in Lahore Omni Bus Service immediately. Limited spaces. Size 30½"x10½". Apply Robbins Limited, National House, The Mall, Lahore. 9578

ASTROLOGICAL

Horoscope Rs. 10. Personality Annual Health Monthly 2-8|-. Murty, 171, Gandhinagar, Bellary. (9466)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted chief agents for life and fire business by a leading composite Insurance office for the Presidency of Bombay. Apply 5024, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Distributors for Bombay for "Tex"—Shaving Brush, product of Lincoln Super Brush. Representative leaving Bombay on 10th Oct. Apply immediately to or see personally bet 9 a.m.—10 a.m Ghose, Room 35, Pyrke's Apollo Hotel. 9592

INVESTMENTS

If you desire to make the property of Rs. 10,000|- by the end of 10 or 15 years' duration and to get Rs. 35 every month till then, write or see us. Only first and final investment of Rs. 700|- to 1,000|-. The Argus Insurance Co., Ltd., 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay (9589)

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Wanted—Foreign Make Filter Presses Plates. Plates in chamber type minimum size 36" Apply with particulars and full sizes of plates to Box No. 9552, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately a Filter, big or small. Write with full particulars to Hindustan Cil Mills Ltd., 9, Clive Street, Calcutta. (5066)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts of Technical Assistants in the office of the Special Officer (Bombay Electric Grid), Bombay, in the scale of Rs. 70-5-110-10-250 (Graduates to start on Rs. 120) plus dearness allowance admissible.

Higher starting pay within the above scale may be allowed to well qualified candidates subject to the proviso that they will not be eligible for further increments in the scale without Government sanction.

Candidates should possess a University degree in Electrical Engineering or a Diploma in Electrical Engineering of a recognised Institute. Subsequent practical experience in Electrical Engineering more specially Diesel Power Station and town distribution and Transmission line surveys, will be considered an advantage.

Candidates who have applied already for the posts in this office, should apply again if they want their applications to be considered for these posts.

Applications giving full particulars regarding age, domicile, academic qualifications and practical experience, etc., should reach the Special Officer (Bombay Electric Grid), Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, on or before the 25th October, 1945.

(Sanction Bombay Employment Exchange No. 64).

5038

ALL INDIA RADIO

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates of all communities for a few temporary vacancies of Senior Mechanic in All India Radio, in the scale of Rs. 100-5-150 Age not more than 30 years which limit may be relaxed in case of departmental and other candidates already in Government Service. Minimum qualification is (a) Matriculation Standard, (b) 5 years' experience in Engine-ring-Workshop-practice in one or more of the following trades: (1) Armature winding of Electrical machines, (2) Cable jointing, (3) Carpentary with experience in pattern making, (4) Lathes and other machine tools, (5) Plumbing, brazing and welding with experience in tinsmithy work, (6) Blacksmithy and fitting, (7) Servicing of refrigerating and Air Conditioning machines, (8) Instrument repairing, (9) Erection of overhead H. T. Transmission lines, masts and towers and (10) House wiring.

The applications should reach the Director of Administration, All India Radio, Broadcasting House, New Delhi, on or before 31-10-45. The selected candidates will be required to come to New Delhi at their own expenses, for an interview and undergo a practical test in the trade so specialized on a later date. Candidates already in Government Service should apply through the Head of the office.

5059

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6. PULP & PAPER TECHNOLOGY.

Candidates for these scholarships should at least be B.Sc. (in Science or Engineering) of recognised Universities or possess other qualification which may be regarded as equivalent thereto. They must also possess a sound physique and not be above 24 in age. Other things being equal, preference will be given to those with a background of some practical experience.

Further details will be communicated to candidates after the selection has been made and they will have to be prepared to come to Calcutta for interview at their own expense.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificates Nos. 1084 and P 192 for 17 fully paid shares Nos. 42915 to 42931 and 34 partly paid (Rs. 125|- paid up) shares Nos. 160829 to 160862 in the Imperial Bank of India (Bombay Register) issued in the name of the undersigned have been lost, or mislaid. Due notice thereof has been given to the Bank and all persons are warned against dealing with the share certificates in any way.

CHATRABHUJ GORDHANDAS SOONDERDAS.
(5057)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

Cutch-Mandvi & Karachi

S. S. "IRRAWADI" will sail on WEDNESDAY, the 10th October, with cargo and passengers for above Ports.

FARES

	Cabin Rs.	Reserved deck Rs.	Deck Rs.
BOMBAY/MANDVI	51/-	24/12	12/12
BOMBAY/KARACHI	84/-	30/-	19/8

Tickets will be available at our Head Office, "Scindia House", Ballard Estate, Telephone No. 25061 (for Cabins only). Kanji Jadhavji & Co., Masjid Bridge, Bombay 9. Tel. No. 25744 (all classes).

For time and place for sailing please enquire at above addresses.

Bombay, 6th October, 1945.

IMPORTANT
No one not in possession of Company's Tickets for Dock entry permit is allowed to enter the Dock area.
5065

WANTED

A Vacancy for A Chief Agency

An Important Fire and Accident Office has vacancy for a CHIEF AGENCY. Person in position to influences good business may apply to Box No. 5063, "Bombay Chronicle".

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

AUCTION NOTICE

THE FOLLOWING Public Auctions will be held:—

PLACE OF AUCTION.	MATERIALS FOR SALE.	DATE.	TIME.
(1) M/s. Sankey Electrical Stampings Ltd., Haines Road, Worli, Bombay.	Approximately 94 Tons Transformer Sheets.	Thursday 11th October 1945.	11 A.M.
(2) Standard Vacuum Oil Co., Factory Area, Wadala, Bombay.	Unserviceable Drum Sheets 36" x 70" x 18G- 67,049 Sheets (1,000 Tons approximately),	—do—	3 P.M.

2. Materials to be sold can be inspected at site by previous arrangements with the stockholders concerned.
3. Terms and conditions governing the auction will be announced by the Government Auctioneers, prior to the commencement of the auction.
5071

DIRECTORATE-GENERAL OF DISPOSALS.

(DISPOSALS DIRECTORATE)

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the following stores, available at Army Medical Stores, Depot, Raipur and Bombay.

DRUGS such as:
(a) Acid Phenyl Cinchoninicum B.P.
(b) Injection Iron, Arsenic & Strychnine.
(c) Tab. Tinc. Warburg.
(d) Mistura Inhalent.
(e) Iodine Powder in tubes.
(f) Injection Quinine Dihydrochlor in 5 cc. amp. etc. etc.

GENERAL CHEMICALS (NOT up to pharmacopoeial standard) such as:
(a) Liquidun Iodi Fortis.
(b) Salol.
(c) Capsicum.
(d) Tab. Iodicin etc. etc.

2. The goods will be sold without guarantee of their condition and subject to the conditions of the contract laid down in form Con. 117 which can be seen at the offices of the Controllers of Supplies (Disposals Branch) at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Cawnpore, Karachi and Lahore and Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

3. The full lists of these stores along with the quantities available can be seen at the offices mentioned in para 2 above. The stores can be inspected at site on permits to be issued by Director of Disposals, New Delhi on request.

4. Offers in tenderer's own form in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. DGD|SR-65|MED" should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 200|- deposited as earnest money in the Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

5. Tender should reach Director of Disposals, Shahjehan Road, New Delhi by 4 p. m. on 30th Oct. 1945.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 15th Nov. 1945.

7. Delivery of the stores will be ex site and removal should be completed by 30th November 1945.

8. Tenders will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof.

9. Rates should be quoted separately for each item.

(5028)

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchases of Cotton Wastes (Soft & Hard) from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 1 Mill and will be received upto 4 p. m. (N.S.T.) on Monday the 15th inst., at registered Office, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

The copies of the tenders can be obtained from the Cotton Dept.
(5048)

PUBLIC NOTICE

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL REVALIDATION OF IMPORT LICENCES—

IT HAS BEEN DECIDED to revalidate automatically all licences issued for import of goods other than foodstuffs from countries in the sterling area which are valid for shipment in July-December, 1945, to cover shipments up to 30th June, 1946. In respect of countries outside the sterling area licences for imports of goods other than foodstuffs will be automatically revalidated to cover shipments up to the 30th June, 1946, only if initially granted to cover shipments in January-June 1945 or July-December, 1945.

2. Licences for imports of foodstuffs will be automatically revalidated to cover shipments up to the 30th June, 1946, only if initially granted during July-December, 1945.

3. The validity of all other import licences will terminate at the conclusion of the current period, unless individually revalidated on application made before the 1st January 1946 to the licensing authority concerned stating the grounds on which revalidation is desired.

S. N. MEHTA,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.
Arya Bhavan, Graham Road,
Bombay, the 6th October, 1945.
(5072)

NOTICE

WE, HEERJI OOMERSEY & CO., VALUBHDAS DAYAL & CO. and PREMJI OOKERDA & CO., Agents of The Goculdas Cullianjee Barsi Cotton Press Co., Ltd., The Goculdas Cullianjee Ahmednagar Cotton Press Co., Ltd., and The Bhurtpore Press Co., Ltd., respectively, hereby, inform the shareholders of the above Companies that Mr. Purshotam Gokuldas our partner was appointed by us on our behalf Ex-Officio Director of the abovesaid Companies but he has been removed from that office by us since 16-9-1945 and since then he is no more a director of any of the abovesaid Companies, still however, he is writing to some of the shareholders under the signature and stamp of Ex-Officio Director and Chairman to do which he is not authorised.

GORDHANDAS GOKULDAS,
DWARKADAS GOKULDAS,
VITHALDAS GOKULDAS,
NARANDAS GOKULDAS,
Partners of
Messrs. Heerji Oomersey & Co.
Messrs. Valubhdas Dayal & Co.
Messrs. Premji Ookerda & Co.
(5064)

PUBLIC NOTICES

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER GENERAL OF CIVIL SUPPLIES,
Western Region, New Hutments, Near Brabourne Stadium, Churchgate, Bombay No. 1.
Dated 4th October, 1945.

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the public that the Office of the Deputy Controller General of Civil Supplies, Western Region, Bombay, has been SHIFTED from Block Q 3, Hutments near Thackersey Sunderbai Hall on QUEENS ROAD TO HUTMENTS, opposite the Brabourne Stadium near Churchgate Railway Station.

S. R. KOTHAWALA,
Deputy Controller General of Civil Supplies,
Western Region, Bombay.
(5069)

CENTRAL MERCANTILE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.,

Head Office, Patel House, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of Policyholders of the Company for the election of three Directors under Section 48 of Insurance Act, 1938, will be held at the Head Office of the Company on Friday, the 21st December, 1945 at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

Policyholders, who desire to attend the meeting must apply to the Company for a certificate of admission to the meeting These applications must reach the Company not less than two months before the above date of the meeting when the Company will issue certificates as provided by the Rules either by post or to the policyholder personally on production of the relevant policy.

Applications in writing in English or Vernacular from persons eligible for Directorship must reach the Company by registered Post not less than two months before the date of the meeting. It must mention the Name, Address, the Number and the amount of the sums insured by the policy by virtue of which election is sought

By Order of the Board of Directors,
CHIMANBHAI M. PANDYA,
Managing Director.
5068

TO ALL TO WHOM THIS MAY CONCERN

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that neither Mr. B. C. MALHOTRA nor Mr. LEKHRAJ DHAWAN, son of Chandari Ganpat Raiji Dhawan, the working partners of Messrs. H. R. Sethi & Co., Deolali, have any right or authority to borrow any moneys on behalf of the said partnership and/or to realise outstandings and anybody doing so, will do so at his own risks

NOTICE is also given that the Power of Attorney given to the said Mr. B. C. Malhotra by the undersigned has been cancelled as from the 26th day of September, 1945, and that he is no longer authorised to act under the same.

Dated this 8th day of October, 1945.

HAVELIRAM SETHI,
Partner of H. R. Sethi & Co.
9587

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

AS AUTHORISED by the Regional Dy. Iron & Steel Controller, Bombay, the Controller of Stores, G.I.P. Railway, invites tenders for the purchase of Scrap steel tyres and scrap steel boiler tubes available at the G.I.P. Railway Stores Depot at Haji Bunder, Bombay. Tender forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Bombay 13, at Rs. 3/- per copy not refundable. Money Order or Cash only Closing date Thursday 18th October 1945, at 3 P.M. (N.S.T.).
5026

LEGAL NOTICES

ORIGINAL
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION
Petition No. 480 of 1945.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration to the property and credits of Mrs. LILY MESSENGER of Lahore, Anglo-Indian Inhabitant at the time of her death residing at Lahore ..... Deceased.

Mrs. ADA FORD of Anara (Orissa) Anglo-Indian Inhabitant, residing at Anara, c/o. Mr. C. A. Ford, Chief Train Examiner, Anara (B. N. Rly.), outside the Jurisdiction of this Hon'ble Court ..... Petitioner

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir HARILAL JEKISONDAS KANIA, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 4th day of October in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty-five and in the ninth year of our Reign

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) A. H. KIRTIKAR,
for Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN IYER.
4th day of October, 1945.
Messrs. DESAI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
5067

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT, BOMBAY.
O. O. C. J.
I.C. NO. 24 OF 1945.
In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913.
and
In the matter of the DHARSEY NANJI NANJI & CO., LTD., (In Liquidation).
KHIMJI SHAMJI .. Petitioner.

By an order made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in the above matter, dated the 28th September, 1945, on the petition of Khimji Shamji, the petitioner it was ordered that the said Dharsey Nanji & Co., Ltd., be wound up by the Court under the Indian Companies Act and that the Official Liquidator is appointed Liquidator with the usual powers.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1945.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN
Petitioner's Attorneys.
(5070)

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AUCTION SALES

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By order of the Officer-in-charge, Govt. Timber Stores Depot, Sewree, Bombay, Messrs. Gandhi & Co., will offer for sale by Public Auction on Saturday, 13-10-45 at 11 A.M. (S.T.) at Government Timber Stores Depot, near Lever Brothers' Soap Factory, Haji Bunder, Sewree:—

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